THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

BY W. A. HEMPHILL & CO.] ATLANTA, GEORGIA, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 13, 1873. [VOLUME VI---NUMBER 74

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

CONSTITUTION AND SUN.

From Yesterday's Evening Edition

ATLANTA, SEPTEMBER 13, 1873.

All Right.

We have just received the following dispatch from the party on the way to the Presbyterian College at Staunton, Va:

GREENVILLE, TENN., September 12.

Our bevy of girls all well, merry and having every thing their own way.

J. R. WALLACE.

Summary of State News.

DALTON.

The colored persuasion here boasts are arranging to have an old fashioned campmeeting, one mile east of town, some time this month.—Quite a unique funeral procession passed along Hamilton street in Dalton, one day last week. The body of an unfortunate old statesman was carried in a mule wagon to its last resting place, and three mourners, two dogs and a lady, followed in an ox cart.—The Dalton Fair commences on Tuesday, the 30th inst.—*North Georgia (Union.)*

The little town of Spring-Place is at present replete with over the conduct of one Edwin H. Scott, who recently left that locality with $1,000 in money and several other articles which didn't belong to him. Scott got religion, and raised the money by collections to build church edifices. It is feared that he will apply it to spiritual, but not building purposes.

A young Dalton beau who was very desirous to obtain some sign of affection from his sweetheart, told her at his last visit that a bug had got into his ear. The young lady did show a plenty of affection. She got together all the medicine in the house and commenced doctoring that ear. By the time she had poured in half a gallon of meat oil, mustard, camphor and pepper sauce the young man thanked her with tears in both eyes and concluded he would go home. Persons who passed his residence a little later were startled by hearing a continued sound as of some one cursing and dancing the hornpipe. It took two sisters and a garden hose to wash that medicine out of the young man's head, and he contemplates going west as soon as cured.

ACWORTH.

Acworth is panting after some butter.—The young people play croquet by moonlight.—A three day's meeting will begin at County Line Church, six miles from Acworth, Friday before the third Sabbath in September.—Dr Wills lectures in Acworth on Tuesday evening, the 16th inst.—The complaint of damage to the cotton crop is general throughout this section.—*Monitor.*

AUGUSTA.

Canes, with pipe attachments, are the latest novelty in the masculine fraternity.—Thursday afternoon, Henry Stokes, a hopeful darkey of fifteen years, went into a store on Broad street and asked for some nails. While the proprietor was weighing out the nails, they reached for a package of fine pocket knives. He was seen, and now reposes in the guard house.—Dr. J. W. Hoke, who was injured by falling under a railroad train, Tuesday morning, is getting along well.—The residence of Gen. R. T. Harris, on Broad street, was burglarized last Tuesday night. A gold watch and chain, sleeve buttons, pencil and some money was stolen. No clue as yet to the thief.—The Richmond Huzzars hold an election in their hall this (Friday) evening for the election of men commissioned short.—*Chronicle and Sentinel.*

CARTERSVILLE.

Chills and fever prevail in some portions of this county at present. The health of the town is good. The reports concerning the cotton crop in many cases are very unfavorable. The drought, boll worm and caterpillar will reduce the amount anticipated very considerably.—The first bale of the cotton crop was received in Cartersville last Friday evening, the 5th inst. It came from the plantation of Doctor W. J. Benham.—Mr. John A. Kirkpatrick is running a rice field in Cherokee county, and recently stated that he expects forty bushels to the acre.—*Standard and Express.*

The editor of the Standard and Express was in Cartersville for three hours the other day by a lightning of man. He made his escape by a few incidental flashes to a double barrel shot gun he kept in his office. He now advocates substituting a ramrod for lightning rod, whenever the agent gets within shooting distance.

SENOIA.

Three promising young men were licensed at Coweta Superior Court last week to practice law. Mr. Osborn, son of Doctor A. B. Calhoun, of Newnan. E. J. L. Fuller, and Mr. Kosciusco Read, of Senoia.—A protracted meeting closed at Brook's Station on Sunday night. There were quite a number of additions to the Church.—*Journal.*

GREENSBORO.

During the entire week, ending on the 6th, the heat has been greater, and more continuous than any previous week during the summer.—Died, on Tuesday the 4th inst, in Morgan county, the infant son of Mr. John R. Jackson, jr., aged 17 months.—The fall term of Greene county Superior Court, Judge G. D. Harikell presiding, opened on Monday morning last.—Died in this county, on Thursday last, the 4th inst, Mr. James McClellan, in his 84th year. Also on the day previous Mrs. A. Davancey in her 70th year.—At the present term of the Superior Court, now in session, Henry Jackson, colored, who was implicated in the atrocious murder of Miss Richards about three years ago near this place, by the confession of George Copelan, an item acquitted. Very little doubt is entertained among the people of Jackson's guilt.—*Herald.*

MARIETTA.

Ex. Gov. Sylvester, the gentleman who has charge of the Bullock farm, had his foot severely cut with a mowing machine on the 3d instant. Dr. Dean arrived in time to stop the flow of blood, and Mr. S. now stands in a fair way to recover.—A masquerade ball will be given by Prof. Nichols, on Monday night, the 8th instant, at the hall.—*Journal.*

The rumor that General Gordon has severed his connection with the Southern Life Insurance Company is entirely unfounded.—The Baptist congregation are putting some valuable improvements on their church.—The new cotton crop is coming in.—Master R. Connally, son of Dr. J. H. Connally, was to see President Davis for his photograph and autograph, and in return has received a splendid picture together with very kind note.—The case of the State vs. Dan Bignell, colored, charged with assault with intent to murder Ivan Hill, colored, came up before Justices Chas and Josey, Wednesday, but was postponed to await the result of Hill's injuries. In the meantime the prisoner is required to give a bond of $1,000.—*Item.*

SAVANNAH.

Visitors at the Isle of Hope, on Wednesday, were regaled with the first oysters of the season, and pronounced them fine.—Workmen engaged, on Wednesday, in excavating the ground for the new Catholic Cathedral, dug up a human skull and bones. *Advertiser and Republican*

GAINESVILLE.

The chestnut crop promises to be abundant.—The Fall Term of Hall Superior Court convenes on Monday next.—Cotton picking and fodder pulling now engage the attention of our farmers.—There is a very young man in this city who parts his hair in the middle and sucks the ivory leg of a cane. He is on the market and can be bought cheap.—*Eagle.*

The Weekly Floridan says: The orange culture is very encouraging. Twenty-five hundred dollars have been realized in one season from a single acre on the St. Johns River. There is no finer fruit than the Florida orange in perfection. The present year will doubtless produce the largest yield ever known on the St. Johns. In proof of this we cite the following from the Palatka Herald: The growth of the orange this summer is startling—never was there anything like it. Owners of orange groves at a distance will be astonished when they return in the winter and find the advance of their golden investments. This rapid growth of orange groves this summer is attributed to the uniform regularity of the season. The weather all through the summer has been delightful, the temperature being relieved from oppressive heats by tri-weekly rains which have kept up with the regularity of clock-work. No storms.

CAN'T STAND THE FIRE.—When the Radical campaign opened in Iowa, Senators Logan and Harlan, and Representatives Wright and Orr were advertised, with big letters, as distinguished men who would address the people of the State. Since Senator Morgan was interrogated upon the stump in relation to the salary grab these patriots have backed out from their Iowa engagements. They are afraid to face the music before the honest farmers, mechanics and workingmen of Iowa. Beside, the Iowa Convention denounced the grab as "flagrantly improper and infamous," and "should secure the political condemnation" of those who supported it or indorsed it. No wonder Radical salary grabbers consider the climate of Iowa unhealthy about this season.

Miss A. M. A. H. Rogers, daughter of Mrs. Rogers Tooke, Professor of Political Economy at King's College, London, is the first in order of merit in the Oxford local examinations this year. She surpasses 472 students who were examined with her. Hitherto exhibitions at certain Oxford colleges have been always offered to the students leading the list. Miss Rogers' position thus opens the question of the admission of women to university residence, examinations and degrees.

BY TELEGRAPH

TO THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

FRIDAY NOON NEWS

G'LANG.

RACES AT PROSPECT PARK AND LEXINGTON.

PROSPECT PARK, September 12.—In the mile and three-quarter dash there were three dead heats between Benjamin and Mart Jordon, when Benjamin won by two lengths. Great excitement and much money changed hands.

Village Blacksmith won the two mile heats.

The mile and a quarter race, after two dead heats, was won by Wheatley by half a length. Time of the first race 2:11, 2:38½, 2:16, 2:19½; second 2:43½, 2:40; third 2:18½, 2:15.

LEXINGTON, September 12.—In the burdle race Savannah was declared winner on account of foul riding.

Mile heats, selling race. Summary: McIntyre's b. c. by Asteroid, 2 1 1; Gremated's c. h. by Lightning, 1 3 2; Florence J., 3 2 0. Time, 1:47; 1:46; 1:53 1-2.

THE BALLOON.

IT LEAVES THIS AFTERNOON.

NEW YORK, September 12.—The work of inflating the trans-Atlantic balloon was resumed this morning in Brooklyn. Everything is in readiness, and it is arranged that the ascension will take place between the hours of four and six o'clock this afternoon. It has been decided upon to abandon the car and paper canoe, it being feared that the weight attached was too great for the carrying capacity of the balloon.

NEW YORK.

THE POLARIS CREW PROBABLY LOST—AFRICAN ECCLESIASTICAL SCAMPS.

NEW YORK, September 12.—A dispatch from St. Johns says grave doubts are entertained of the safety of the balance of the Polaris crew.

The trustees of the First African Methodist Church are undergoing a trial before an ecclesiastical court on the charge of embezzlement, dereliction of duty and other offences. Last evening they were declared guilty by a majority of the votes of the members present, and estimated the loss from $1,000 to $1,500. There was much confusion, and some fears, at one time, of a conflict. The friends of the accused denounce the proceedings as illegal and declined to vote. Bethel is one of the oldest and wealthiest African Churches in the city.

DAY FLASHES.

FIRE.

SAN FRANCISCO, September 12.—One fourth part of the town of Forest Hill is burned.

PIG TAIL.

Eight Chinese women brought by the steamer MacGregar, who say they were purchased and brought here for base purposes, were sent to the Chinese mission school for protection.

GALE.

BROWNSVILLE, September 12.—There was a severe rain with a heavy gale here to-day. The steamer St. Mary dragged anchor in Brazos harbor and grounded in three feet water. All the small crafts in Bagdad and Brazos harbors are sunk or stranded. The railroad between Brownsville and Point Island is badly washed.

THE TRANSPORTATION COMMITTEE.

NEW YORK, September 12.—Representatives of fast lines, before the Cheap Transportation Committee of Rates, represent that the trouble is in tardy delivery after arrival. Storage at the East eats up profits.

NEW YORK RADICALS.

The Liberal Republican Executive Committee have issued a call for a State convention October 8th.

CARLIST CAPTURE.

LONDON, September 12.—The Carlists have captured Fort Vaccaolos.

Johnston and Beauregard on Conarism.

White Sulphur Springs letter in N. Y. Herald.]

To-day I addressed a note to General Joseph E. Johnston, asking the privilege of an interview on the above subjects, and, in reply received the following note:

WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS, Aug. 26, 1873.

E. Cuthbert, Esq:

DEAR SIR: I have had the honor to receive the note of to-day, in which you ask me, on the part of the New York Herald, to reply to certain political questions.

It would give me pleasure to have the privilege of doing so, but not being a citizen of the United States I do not publish my political opinions. Most respectfully yours.

J. E. JOHNSTON.

General Beauregard is here; but he, too, is reticent on the subject of Cæsarism, and, in fact, upon all other political matters.

SHIPPING HONEY BEES BY MAIL.—A few mornings since a person called at the office and asked how he could get in the post-office, for he wanted to send some bees by mail that morning. They were in a block of wood about two or three inches square, and one and a half inches thick. A round hole was bored in the center, and wire wove like a sieve fastened on top, and on one side of the block a hole with a piece of leather tacked over it was for taking them out. There were about eight or ten bees inside, with a queen bee. A two cent stamp was on the box and a tag fastened to it, directed to Athens, Ohio. The bees were raised in Ludlow, Ky. The idea of sending a hive of bees by mail, rolling and tossing around with a lot of newspapers, is rather a new thing in the postoffice line.—*Cincinnati Gazette.*

Mr. George Grote, the distinguished historian of Greece, who was for several years a member of the British Parliament, and a leader of the Radical party in England, modified his political opinions very considerably before his death. In 1867, he wrote as follows: "I have outlived my faith in the efficacy of Republican government regarded as a *check* upon the vulgar passions of a majority in a nation, and I recognize the fact that supreme power lodged in their hands may be exercised quite as mischievously as by a despotic ruler like the first Napoleon. The conduct of the Northern States, in the late conflict with the Southern States, has led me to this conclusion; though it cost me much to avow it, even to myself."

Mr. Cassius M. Clay, our late Minister to Russia, may be seen any day on the boulevards of Paris, Ky., writes a correspondent from that city, "dressed in a loose summer suit, his face overgrown by a long white beard and shaded by a slouch hat, and shouting by his heavy gait and stooping shoulders the effects of old age."

Mrs. Lemon of Centralia, Ill., is running for the office of School Superintendent. She is much annoyed when making her campaign speeches by vagrant boys, who spoil her most eloquent passages by crying out. "Go in Lemons."

It is rumored that Mr. Parton meditates a biographical outrage on the memory of Charles Dickens.

Knoxville, Chattanooga, Greenville, and Jonesboro, are all clear of cholera.

Financial and Commercial.

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, September 12.—Cotton quiet, middling uplands 20¢; Orleans 21; sales 611 bales.

Cotton sales for future delivery opened dull, as follows: September, 18 19-16@18 7-8. December, 17 27-32.

Flour dull. Wheat quiet. Corn steady. Pork quiet and without decided change. Lard quiet and unchanged. Turpentine dull and heavy 43@43½. Rosin $3 12½ for strained. Freights firm.

Stocks irregular. Gold 11 3-8. Money 7. Exchange—long 8 1-2; short 9 1-4. Governments dull and steady. State bonds quiet. Arrived out—Napalla and Russia.

LONDON, September 12, noon.—Consols 92 1-2@92 5-8. 5s 91 3-8.

Weather favorable for crops.

PARIS, September 12.—Rentes 56f. 30c.

LIVERPOOL, September 12, noon.—Cotton to arrive 1-16 higher; sales of the week 107,000 bales; export 8,000; speculation 16,000; stock 728,000; American 257,000; receipts 47,000; American 47,000; actual export 10,000; afloat 273,000; American 27,000.

Breadstuffs steady. Red winter wheat 13s 3d@13s 6d. Corn 30s 6d.

Market Reports—From Chamber of Commerce.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, ATLANTA, September 12, 1873.

Flour—Fancy, $10 50@11; extra family, $9 50@10 00; family $8 50@9 00; extra $7 00@8 00 superfine, $6 00@6 50; fine $4@6.

Wheat—Red, $1 50@1 60; amber $1 60@1 65; white, $1 65@1 80.

Lime—40@50c per bushel.

Corn—Yellow, 78@80c by car load, and white 82½c. order lots.

Meal, 82½@85c.

Lard—Tierce, 10½@10¾; kegs and buckets, 11½@11¾.

Bacon—clear sides 12½; clear rib 12; shoulders 10½. Sugar cured hams 16½@16¾.

Bulk—clear sides 11½; clear rib 11; long clear sides 10½@10¾; shoulders 8 3-4.

Hay—$1 50@1 65.

Oats, feed, 50@52; seed 60@65.

Rye—$1 25@1 35 per bushel.

Barley—$1 25@1 35 per bushel.

Coal—Lump, by car load, at 26c; blacksmith, 29¢.

COFFEE—Prime to choice Rio 26½@28½.

Iron Ties—Arrow, 9 1-2 per pound.

Bagging—2 lbs. 16 1-2@17; 2 1-8 lbs. 17; 2 1-4 lbs. 17 1-2@18.

Atlanta Wholesale Price Current.

[CORRECTED DAILY.]

CONSTITUTION OFFICE, ATLANTA, September 12, 3 o'clock, P. M.

REMARKS.—From Messrs. Small & Co.'s annual statement of the Louisiana sugar and rice crop we gather the following facts:

SUGAR CROP.

It is generally conceded that the area planted is fully equal to the previous year, and a continuation of the favorable growing weather with a fair rolling season, a crop will be marketed exceeding that of last year probably 10,000 to 30,000 hogsheads.

The total number of hogsheads this year 108,520. The year previous 128,461. The crop of 1861 was 459,410 hogsheads. Amount of stock in first hands in United States 158,975 hogsheads.

THE LOUISIANA RICE CROP.

Our table below shows a very encouraging improvement in the yield of this staple, being nearly 13,000 barrels more than the year previous.

Comparative statement giving the yield each year since the war:

Year.		Year.	
1865	bbls. 11,943	1869	bbls. 57,905
1866	20,454	1870	37,585
1867	31,663	1871	39,460
1868	47,317	1872	51,347

This season has been most propitious for rice, though for the past two weeks so much rain has fallen that harvesting has been seriously impeded; notwithstanding a considerable quantity has been received and sold, the first installment selling at 10¢.

The arrivals are increasing daily, and, with suitable weather for cutting and curing a crop of at least 120,000 bbls clear rice will be made. We quote prime to-day at 8c. The importation of foreign rice for the year was 14,556 bags, mostly India, and about 3,000 tierces from Carolinas and Georgia.

Atlanta Cotton Market.

Cotton—we quote weak at 17¢ for middlings.

Atlanta Money Market.

Financial.—Gold, buying at 1 10, selling at 1 12. Silver, buying at 1 03, selling 1 07.

Exchange—Buying at par, selling at ¼ premium. Bonds and Stocks—Georgia 6s, 63@65, 7s, 86@88; new Georgia bonds at the State Treasury, 8 per cent. non-taxable, $1. Atlanta city bonds, 7s 70@72; 8s, 80@82. Augusta, 86@88. Georgia Railroad stock, 86@88; Georgia Rail Road bonds, 93@95. Atlanta and West Point Railroad stock, 80@82; Atlanta and West Point Railroad bonds, 94@96. Central Railroad stock, 75@78. Rome city 7s, 68@72 Savannah 83. Atlanta National Bank stock 1 25.

MONEY commands 1½@2 per cent. readily.

Atlanta Flour and Grain Market.

See report Chamber of Commerce.

Atlanta Provision Market.

Demand good—See report of Chamber of Commerce.

Atlanta Dry Goods Market.

Prints—Wamsutta, 8; Bedford, 8. Amoskeag, 9½; Arnold, 9; Albions, 11; Spragues, 11; Richmond, 11; Dunnells, 11. Garner 10½.

Roswell Mills—4-4 sheeting 12½c; 7-8 11c. yarns $1 50; sewing and knitting thread 50c

Sheetings, etc.—Graniteville—3-4 sheetings, 8½ per yard, 7-8 sheetings 10½ per yard, 4-4 sheetings 12 per yard, 7-8 drills 12 1-2 per yard. Augusta—3-4 shirtings 9½ per yard; 7-8 shirtings 10½ per yard, 4-4 sheetings 12 per yard, 7-8 drill 12½ per yard. Alabama and Georgia and Monitour goods are a 1-2 cent under the above quotations.

Atlanta Produce Market.

DRIED FRUIT—In active demand; rough peaches 3¼@4; peeled 7a14.

EGGS—Sales from wagon to-day at 23a25.

POTATOES—Sweet $1 1 25.

FEATHERS—We quote at 75a80 for prime selections; mixed 65a70.

BEESWAX—27a28c.

RAGS—3a3¾.

HAY—We quote old at $1 50. No new in market.

POULTRY—Spring chickens command 20a25.

BUTTER—We quote good country at 20a25; Tennessee, 25a30c.

ONIONS—In demand at $1 25a1 50 per bushel.

WOOL—35a40c.

Atlanta Grocery Market.

SUGARS—Market steady; New Orleans, in hogsheads, 9a11 for fair to choice; Demarara 12; standard hards 13 1-4; clarified white 12; do yellow 11¼@11½; A coffee 12¼; extra C do 12 1-4; Porto Rico 10¼@11; yellow C 10a11.

MOLASSES AND SYRUPS—Market firm; New Orleans 70a75; Porto Rico 26, in hhds; refined syrups 45a75.

COFFEE—Market stiff. We quote Rio, common to choice, 26a28 1-2; Laguayra, 30; Java 30a32.

NAILS—We quote at $5 50 for 10ds, and 35c additional for diminishing grades.

SALT—We quote Virginia, $2; Liverpool, $2 10@2 20 per sack.

CANDLES—We quote star 10½@20 per pound.

FISH—We quote as follows: Half barrels, Nos. 1, 2 and 3, $9, $7 50 and $6; in kits, Nos. 1, 2 and 3, $3, $1 75 and $1 50

PEPPER—We quote at 25a30.

SPICE—We quote at 16a18.

GINGER—We quote at 17.

CRACKERS—5 3-4@13.

SODA—8½c kegs, 9 in boxes.

RICE—We quote at 9¼@10. Inferior 8@9.

TEAS—We quote Imperial at $1@1 50; Young Hyson $1 15@1 50; Black 75@$1 25; Gunpowder $1@1 50.

POWDER—Rifle $7 50; Sycamore Mills $7 50; Musket $6; fuse per 100 feet 65.

SHOT—We quote patent $3 90@3 00; Buck $3 15@3 25.

LIQUORS—We quote common rectified whisky per gallon $1; Robertson county $1 25@3; Bourbon $1 35@5 50; corn whisky $1 15@2.

BROOMS—We quote at $2 50@4 50 per dozen.

SOAP—We quote at 6@8c per lb, or $3@4 50 per box.

BAGGING—See report of Chamber of Commerce.

Sundries.

SEEDS—Clover $8; timothy $5; orchard grass $4; blue grass $3; herd's grass $2 50.

COTTON YARNS—We quote at $1 50 per bunch all numbers.

CANDIES—We quote stick candy 14½@16; common fancy 17@25.

TOBACCO—Common sound 43@45; low medium 47@50; medium 53@55; fine 60@70; extra fine 80@$1; Spencer's Calhoun $1 13. Princess twist 85.

IRON—Bar iron $4 25 two horse tyer axes $14; steel 20@22; shovels, Ames', $15; horse and mules shoes 8@9; horse shoe nails 20@30.

CHEESE—Factory 16@17. State cheese 13@13½.

OIL—Kerosene 28.

LUMBER—Sole, hemlock good damaged 25@26; good 29@33. White oak 40@50. Black upper 40@55.

HIDES—Demand active; prices tending upward. We quote dry, 15@15½; green salted, 8@8 1-2.

BLUE BUCKETS—2 75 per dozen.

Central Railroad House,

JONESBORO, GEORGIA.

William Hammett and Lady

HAVE leased that magnificent NEW BRICK HOTEL recently erected in Jonesboro, Georgia, and furnished it throughout with New Furniture. The Lessees promise to spare no pains or expense to please their patrons. Give them a call.

aug5—dtf

FEAGIN & BROTHER,

PROPRIETORS OF THE

MACON SALES AND LIVERY STABLES

Plum st, near Brown House and Passenger Depot.

SPECIAL attention to Transient Stock. Superior accommodations for Drove Stock. Finest Carriages and best Horses for hire.

GRAND GIFT CONCERT,

IN AID OF

Public Library

OF COLORADO.

FIRST LEGAL DRAWING!

TIME EXTENDED

OCTOBER 1st, 1873.

LAST CHANCE!

Great Portion of the Tickets already taken!

Ticke's, $1 00 Each, or 6 for $5 00.

$70 000.00.

1 Grand Cash Gift			$40 000
2 " "			5,000
3 " "		$1,000 each..	3,000
5 Cash Gifts,		500 each..	2,500
10 " "		300 each..	3,000
25 " "		100 each..	2,500
80 " "		50 each..	2,400
100 " "		20 each..	2,000
300 " "		10 each..	2,000
400 " "		5 each..	2,000
3,250 " "		2 each..	6,500
4,045 Gifts, amounting to			$70,000

The number of tickets to be drawn from one wheel by blind children, and the drifts drawn from another. This enterprise is indorsed by the best business men of our Territory. The small price of tickets is a guarantee of a speedy sale, making this one of the best chances ever offered. Money can be sent safely in registered letters, post office money orders, by express or by letters, carefully sealed and plainly directed.

Make up Your Clubs

and send orders soon, as only a few tickets remain to be sold.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

GEN. E. E. BROWNE, DR. W. H. BUCHTEL,
HON. D. M. RICHARDS, HON. W. M. BYERS,
DR. A. L. JUSTICE.

Good agents wanted, to whom liberal commissions will be allowed.

Address,

W. SUITTERLIN, MANAGER,
aug26-d&wtf DENVER, COL.

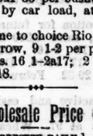
Alarm Till or Money Drawer!

MILES ALARM TILL

OR

SAFETY MONEY DRAWER,

A Sure Protection Against Thieves.



Admirably adapted to the needs of Storekeepers, for any one receiving and paying out Money.

Fitted with Compartments

for Bills, Currency and Specie, or Nickels. Ready to attach to any counter in a few minutes time.

SOLD AT

FAIRBANKS' SCALE WAREHOUSES

311 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

2 MILK STREET, BOSTON.

AND BY THE HARDWARE TRADE GENERALLY

aug28-d2aw1m

OBSTACLES TO MARRIAGE.

HAPPY RELIEF FOR YOUNG MEN from the effects of Error and Abuse in early life. Manhood restored. Impediments to marriage removed. New method of treatment. New and remarkable treatment. Books and Circulars sent free, in sealed envelopes. Address, HOWARD ASSOCIATION, No 2 South Ninth St., Philadelphia, Pa.—an institution having a high reputation for honorable conduct and professional skill.

july8—d&w3m

ELECTION NOTICE.

FULTON COURT OF ORDINARY, AT CHAMBERS, September 9, 1873.

IT IS ORDERED that an election for Clerk of the Superior Court of Fulton county be held at the several election precincts in said county, on Saturday, the 4th of October next, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of William R. Venable, Esq.

DANIEL PITTMAN,
Ordinary Fulton County.

sep10-s&tw3t

THE "VICTOR."

WANTED—General Agents in every State in the South, for the "VICTOR" Sewing Machine.

The "VICTOR" requires no "Further" to sell it.

For terms address R. J. WILEY,
Atlanta, Ga

aug8—dtf

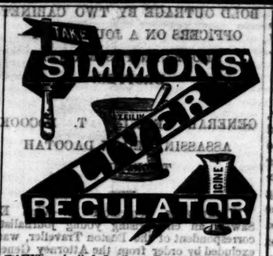
EXCHANGE HOTEL,

BY WILLIAM J. SIBERT,

(Late the Court House and Depot)

GAINESVILLE, ... ALABAMA.

Guests will find everything new and neat. Servants attentive. Terms—$2 00 per day single meals fifty cents. nov19-dtf



THIS unrivalled, Southern Remedy is warranted not to contain a single particle of MERCURY, or any injurious mineral substance, but is

PURELY VEGETABLE,

containing those Southern Roots and Herbs, which an all-wise Providence has placed in countries where Liver Diseases most prevail. It will Cure all Diseases caused by Derangement of the Liver.

THE SYMPTOMS of Liver Complaint are a bitter or bad taste in the mouth; Pain in the Back, Sides or Joints, often mistaken for Rheumatism; Sour Stomach; Loss of Appetite; Bowels alternatively costive and lax; Headache; Loss of memory, with a painful sensation of having failed to do something which ought to have been done; Debility, Low Spirits, a thick yellow appearance of the Skin and Eyes, a dry Cough often mistaken for Consumption. Sometimes many of these symptoms attend the disease, at others very few; but the Liver, the largest organ in the body, is generally the seat of the disease, and if not Regulated in time, great suffering, wretchedness and DEATH will ensue.

This Great Vegetable REMEDY will not be found the Least Unpleasant.

For DYSPEPSIA, CONSTIPATION, Jaundice, Bilious attacks, SICK HEADACHE, Colic, Depression of Spirits, SOUR STOMACH, Heart Burn, &c., &c., &c.,

Simmons' Liver Regulator, or Medicine,

Is the Cheapest Purest and Best Family Medicine in the World!

MANUFACTURED ONLY BY

J. H. ZELIN & CO.,

MACON, GA., AND PHILADELPHIA.

Price, $1 00. Sold by all Druggists.

dec13—2od1w1yr(dwt-page-1-c-n-y-m)

CROCKETT'S PATENT GIN GEAR,

MADE WITHOUT A MORTICE, Tenon or Key. Every part Bored to Iron. Two mules with a 40 Saw Gin can gin three Bales or Cotton per day. IRON RAILINGS for enclosing Grave Lots at New York prices. ALL KINDS OF MACHINERY made and repaired. Plantation Castins always on hand.

CROCKETT'S IRON WORKS,
sep7—dtf MACON, GA.

Wesleyan Female College,

MACON, GA.

THE THIRY-SIXTH ANNUAL SESSION WILL begin October 6, 1873.

For Catalogues, containing full information, address

REV. E. H. MYERS, D. D.,
President

C. W. SMITH, Secretary. sep3—dtm

J. VALENTINO,

BAR AND RESTAURANT,

MEALS AT ALL HOURS.

68 CHERRY STREET.

ELEGANTLY FITTED UP.

aug30-tf

CUMMINGS' KING CURE!

This wonderful Lotion cures

Fresh Cuts, Bruises and Burns, Ringworms, Chilblains, and Sprains. It is also good for Old Sores, Ulcers Sore Eyes, Risings, Reduction of Tumors, Patrid Sore Throat, Sore Mouth, Fever Blisters

Sores caused by Vegetable Poison, and Bites of Poisonous Insects.

DIRECTIONS FOR USING.

For bad Cuts or Bruises, adjust the cut or lacerated parts, and bind up with a linen or soft cotton bandage, and keep the affected parts moist with the lotion. Made and sold by R. CUMMINGS,

apr22-dtf Palmetto, Ga

CARD.

JEFF. DAVIS HOUSE

Near the corner of Depot and Market streets,

NEWNAN.....GEORGIA

A NEW HOTEL, NEW FURNITURE, everything new except the proprietor, who will be pleased to see old and new friends.

L. P. THOMAS, Proprietor.

aug3-d3mo

SELECT SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES

At Charlottesville, Va.

MRS. GEN. ARMISTEAD L. LONG will open a Select School for young ladies, in Charlottesville, Va., on the 1st of October, 1873, closing the last of June, 1874. It will be a first-class school in its appointments.

Payments for tuition, board, etc., must be made one-half in advance, the remainder on the 15th of February, 1874.

Board, per session of 9 months (fuel and lights included).....$200 00

Lower English	30 00
Higher English	50 00
Modern Languages, each	30 00
Ancient Languages, each	20 00
Music on Piano	60 00
Vocal Music	50 00
Use of Instrument	10 00
Drawing and Painting	30 00

Washing extra—can be had at $2 to $2 50 per month.

As to the probable character of her school, Mrs. Long is permitted to refer, among others, to Gen. G. W. C. Lee, of Washington and Lee University; Rev. W. H. Pendleton, D.D., Lexington, Va.; and Gen. J. P. Gilmer and Gen. A. R. Lawton, Savannah, Ga.

Address, until the 15th September, 1873, Mrs. A. L. Long, care Gen. A. L. Long, Big Island, Bedford, Va.; after that time, Charlottesville, Va. july27 1f

SUMMER AND FALL ARRANGEMENT

MERCHANTS' LINE OF STEAMERS

Semi-Weekly for Jefferson Direct,

Leaves New Orleans Every Wednesday and Saturday at 5 P. M.

For Jefferson, Shreveport, Grand Bayou, Conshatta, Brownsville, Grand Ecore, Alexandria, and all way landings on Red River. The following first class and very light draft boats compose this line. (Other boats will be added as business demands.)

R. T. BRYARLY	Capt. Noah Scovell.
BELLE BOWLAND	Capt. Geo. W. Rea.
GLADIOLA	Capt. H. L. Lee.
THIRTEENTH ERA	Capt. Chas. P. Tunslow.
FLIRT	Capt. Geo. J. Hazlett.
FLETA	Capt. L. S. Greenlee.

Passengers and shippers can rely on this arrangement throughout the season.

Special rates of passage made with commercial travelers for New Orleans houses.

Liberal discount made to parties emigrating to Texas by this line.

For freight or passage apply on board, or to LORD & McPHAIL, Agents, 9 Gravier street.

All freight consigned to L. & McP. will be forwarded promptly free of commission.

For further information apply to W. J. Hoss'on, Gen. Pass. Ag't Atlanta and New Orleans Short Line.

aug2-d3mo

PORT ROYAL RAILROAD.

JUNE 28TH, 1873.

ON and after MONDAY, JUNE 30, trains on this Road will run as follows:

Down Day Passenger Train

Will leave Augusta at	6 45 A M
Arrive at Port Royal at	2 10 P M
Arrive at Charleston	4 45 P M
Arrive at Savannah	3 30 P M

Up Day Passenger Train

Will leave Port Royal at	9 45 A M
Leave Charleston at	8 10 A M
Leave Savannah at	9 30 A M
Arrive at Augusta	5 35 P M

Down Night Passenger Train

Will leave Augusta at	5 10 P M
Arrive at Port Royal at	11 35 P M
Arrive at Charleston at	6 00 A M
Arrive at Savannah at	12 30 A M

Up Night Passenger Train

Will leave Port Royal at	30
Leave Charleston at	5 30 P M
Leave Savannah at	6 30 P M
Arrive at Augusta	6 00 A M

Passengers leaving Atlanta by the 5 00 P M train on the Georgia Railroad arrive at Augusta in time to make close connection with down night passenger train on this road for Port Royal and Savannah.

JAS. D. MOORE,
july1-dtf Engineer and Superintendent.

House and Sign Painter,

Macon, Georgia,

A. P. TRIPOD,

OFFICE—MULBERRY STREET.

aug21—dtmo

PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS

A SPECIALTY AT THE DRUG STORE OF

ROLAND B. HALL

Druggist,

Corner Cherry Street and Cotton Avenue, Macon, Ga

sep1—dtf

BARNES'

Albany House,

Corner Pine and Jackson Sts.,

ALBANY, GA.

MERRICK BARNES, PROPRIETOR.

Omnibus to and from all trains. jan18-tf

MADAME O da SILVA

AND

MRS. ALEX. BRADFORD'S

(formerly Mrs. OGDEN HOFFMAN'S) English, French and German Boarding and Day School for young ladies and children, 17 West 29 St., New York. Reopens Sept. 24. Application may be made by letter or personally as above. july24-3mos

Gainesville and Dahlonega

HACK LINE.

LEAVES Gainesville immediately on the arrival of the up passenger train, every day, and arrives at Dahlonega at 6 o'clock P. M.

Leaves Dahlonega every day, and connects with the down afternoon's passenger train.

Good Hacks and careful drivers will always be found at Dahlonega to convey passengers to PORTER'S SPRINGS or other points, upon reasonable terms.

aug31—dtf A. HOPE, Proprietor.

BELLEVUE HIGH SCHOOL

BEDFORD COUNTY, VIRGINIA.

JAMES P. HOLCOMBE, LL. D., Principal; WILLIAM H. ARNOT, Associate Principal. The Ninth Annual Session of this School for Boys will begin September 15th. Beautiful and healthy location. Full corps of Instructors. Pupils are members of the Family. For information address either Principal at Bellevue P. O. july30—d3aw3mo

ENOCH MORGAN'S SONS'

SAPOLIO

is a substitute for Soap for all Household purposes, except washing clothes.

SAPOLIO

for Cleaning your House will save the labor of one cleaner. Give it a trial.

SAPOLIO

for Windows is better than Whiting or Water. No removing curtains and carpets.

SAPOLIO

cleans Paint and Wood, in fact the entire house, better than Soap. No slopping. Saves labor. You can't afford to be without it.

SAPOLIO

for Scouring Knives is better and cleaner than Bath Brick. Will not scratch.

SAPOLIO

is better than Soap and Sand for polishing Tinware. Brightens without scratching.

SAPOLIO

Polishes Brass and Copper Utensils better than Acid or Oil and Rotten Stone.

SAPOLIO

for Washing Dishes and Glassware is invaluable. Cheaper than Soap.

SAPOLIO

removes Stains from Marble Mantles, Tables and Stattary, from Hard finished Walls, and from China and Porcelain.

SAPOLIO

removes Stains and Grease from Carpets and other woolens.

There is no one article known that will do so many kinds of work and do it as well as Sapolio. Try it.

HAND **SAPOLIO**

is a new and wonderful effective Toilet Soap, having no equal in this country or abroad.

HAND **SAPOLIO**

as an article for the Bath, "reaches the foundation" of all dirt, opens the pores and gives a healthy action and brilliant tint to the skin.

HAND **SAPOLIO**

Cleanses and Beautifies the Skin, instantly removing any stain or blemish from both hands and face.

HAND **SAPOLIO**

is without a rival in the world for curing or preventing roughness and chapping of either hands or face.

HAND **SAPOLIO**

removes Tar, Pitch, Iron or Ink Stains and Grease; for workers in Machine Shops, Mines, &c., is invaluable. For making the Skin White and So

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF STATE, COUNTY AND CITY.

The Largest City, County and State Circulation.

DEBTES REFUTATION

To Lawyers.—A full report of the decisions of the Supreme Court is furnished to THE CONSTITUTION by the Reporter of the Court.

We do not send anonymous communications. The name and address of the writer are indispensable. Rejected communications we cannot undertake either to return or preserve.

ATLANTA:

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 13, 1873.

Brevities.

Joaquin Miller is on his way back to America.

The first lager beer brewed in this country was in West Hoboken in June, 1853.

There are fourteen admirals and twenty-five commodores in the American navy.

Goldschalk wrote a waltz at twelve, and waltzed away with his neighbor's wife at eighteen.

A Quantities of silver ore from the Chihuahua mines, in Mexico, are daily arriving in San Antonio.

Mr. Jefferson Davis is sojourning at the Gait House, Louisville, for a few days, awaiting the arrival of his family from Canada.

A citizen of Rock county, Wisconsin, is reported to have said, "I can always tell water when I see it—it looks so much like gin.

We learn from Lucerne that M. Thiers has taken rooms at the Kalthed, on the Rigi, and intends to remain there for some time.

Black walnut stumps, brought from the interior of Virginia, are now shipped from Richmond to Northern cities to be made into buttons.

Miss Agnes Gladstone, daughter of Right Hon. W. E. Gladstone, is engaged to the Rev. R. G. Wickham, Head Master of Wilmington College, England.

The real name of "Beau Hickman" was Robert Singleton, and he was born and raised in King William county, Virginia, where some of his relations now live.

The Hon. John Bright, as Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster, will have the patronage of forty-one livings in various parts of England, varying in value from $300 to $7,350 each.

One of the greatest luxuries of riches is that they enable you to escape so much good advice. The rich are always advising the poor, but the poor seldom venture to return the compliment.

The Hartford (Conn.) Water Commissioners have just discovered a trifling leak in their mains through which 90,000 gallons have been escaping every day for a year past.

Vice-Chancellor Wedgewood, in opening the annual session of the National University Law School, said he had reason to believe that A. T. Stewart, in his will made just before leaving for Europe, had bequeathed to that institution $1,000,000.

A Down East Yankee who has invented a machine for hiving musquitoes was lately experimenting on Staten Island, when those varmints seized his instrument and flew away with it, heading for the Jersey shore.

Nothing really succeeds which is not based on reality; sham, in a large sense, is never successful; in the life of an individual, as in the more comprehensive life of the State, pretension is nothing and power is everything.

It is stated that President Grant's horses, burned at Trenton, were both thoroughbreds, and the most highly prized in his entire stock. One was valued at $36,000, and was considered the most promising young mare in the country.

It is said that when the proof of the new 50 cent stamp was shown to Treasurer Spinner he detected the striking resemblance of the vignette to Beau Hickman, and to prevent mistakes had engraved under the likeness: "Saml. Dexter Sec'l Treasury, 1861."

There are in Providence, R. I., eighty-five jewelry manufacturing shops, employing twenty-two hundred and fifty persons and doing a business of about six and a half million dollars annually. The product embraces every grade, from the highest and best to the cheapest, and the variety is as limitless as the ingenuity of the human mind.

Mr. Bradlaugh, the "English Republican," sailed from Liverpool last Saturday. The American Literary bureau are arranging for a series of lectures by him on "An Englishman's Views of the Irish Question" and "The Impeachment of the House of Brunswick." He is said to be the most eloquent orator in England.

The lady who tapped her husband gently with a fan at a party the other night, and said: "Love, its growing late; I think we had better go home," is the same one who, after getting home, shook the rolling-pin under his nose, and said: "You infernal old scoundrel you, if you ever look at that mean, nasty, calico-faced, mackerel-eyed thing that you looked at to night, I'll beat your head wide open."

The project for another railroad across the isthmus seems now to be in definite shape, and its early realization is probable. English papers say that a company has been organized in London for the immediate completion of the road from Port Caballos, on the Atlantic, to the Bay of Fonseca, on the Pacific Ocean. The company is to receive extraordinary land grants from the Honduras government.

Twelve thousand dollars a year are, in the English Court of Chancery, going a begging under the following circumstances: It was left to poor debtors in prison, and as imprisonment for debt has been abolished, the money must be due somewhere, but the question is, where? Here is the chance for the heirs. The Bequest having failed, they are entitled to claim, without doubt, as inheritors. If there should be no heirs, the sum in question will be applied to some charity as near in kind as possible.

At Utica, New York, on the 10th instant, the entire herd of short-horned cattle owned by S. Campbell, of New York Mills, was sold at auction. Buyers were present from England, Canada, and all parts of the United States. One hundred and fifteen cattle were disposed of, the total receipts being about $380,000. The highest figure paid was $40,500. This bid was made by Mr. F. Davis, of Gloucestershire, England. Thirty-five, twenty-five and twenty thousand dollars were bid for single cows. One seven months old calf sold for $27,000, and another for $10,000. This sale is probably the largest on record.

Back Pay in Iowa.

Perhaps the most significant warning to the back pay gentlemen comes from Iowa. After the Radical State Convention had denounced the grab in unmistakeable terms, the Chairman of the State Committee, following in the old rut, had the presumption to invite such party hacks as Harlan, Logan, Oglesby, Gov. Washburne, of Wisconsin, and the offending Representatives Orr and Palmer, to take part in the canvass. No sooner had he done so, than a cry went up from the honest homes on the broad praries, that these gentleman were not wanted as political teachers. The Burlington Hawkeye, which is the leading Radical organ of Iowa, declared that the presence of any speaker who had been identified either as advocate or recipient with the back-pay swindle would be an insult to the honest members of the party. Gen. Logan was politely told to remain on "his own side of the Mississippi River." The indignation was so general and spontaneous that the Committee withdrew all the names mentioned in less than a week, and its Chairman felt impelled to make an apology for announcing them. He says in the way of personal excuse, that he was "strongly requested to do so," that they were politicians in good standing, devoted to the platform, etc.

Devotion to unlawful gain from the federal treasury was not in his eyes a serious offense. But the rank and file of the party would not stand it, and the objectionable stumpers were hastily thrown overboard.

The indications are that the back-pay outgrowth of the rottenness of the times will change the personel of Congress. When a State that averages 40,000 Radical majority, will not countenance men who voted for, or who uphold the measure, there is hope left. The Washington quidnuncs predict a great amount of lofty moral tumbling next winter on the part of those leaders who are under a cloud, in their efforts to get back to popular favor. There will undoubtedly be many a spasm of virtue and economy in the death throes of the Credit Mobilier patriots.

Manufactures and Commerce.

It is a general and almost universal rule, that a diversity of pursuits is necessary to a community to secure a regular, steady and healthy growth. None are so independent as those who come the nearest supplying their wants. None are so dependent as those who have but one pursuit.

The great want of the South, of Georgia, of Atlanta, is a combination of manufactures and commerce. Give us this, and our future prosperity is secure. Without it, we must, as heretofore, remain the servants, the bondsmen of those who, by a wise diversity of their pursuits, have become our masters.

A free people work for themselves. Walk our streets and look into our stores and warehouses, and what do we find of home manufacture or home production? From the imported cradle in the cabinet room to the metallic coffin in the undertaker's room, we find the most mortifying dependence upon others, not only for the luxuries, but the absolute necessaries of life.

An agricultural people, we import largely of food, and but for supplies drawn from the west, we would go supperless to bed.

With the hills and mountains of North-west Georgia literally paved and gorged with iron ore of the richest quality and in inhaustible quantity, we nevertheless import our plows and wear them out on the iron lying loose on our hillsides.

We encase our dead in imported coffins, dig their graves with imported pick and spade, road prayers over their graves from imported prayer books, and with our hills full of marble place imported tombstones over their remains on which we record their many virtues.

Are we not error in this? Should we not rather inscribe upon these monuments to the dead: born and died a slave? Slaves to our want of enterprise, slaves to our own supineness and laziness. What right have we to complain that the North and West have grown rich in supplying our wants, which could have been more easily and cheaply supplied at home?

What right have we to complain that they laugh at our folly? It is but an illustration of the old adage, "let him laugh who wins."

With the finest climate in the world, with a soil unsurpassed for its fertility and variety of productions, with a vast supply of coal and iron, with water powers sufficient to propel the machinery of the world, with every natural advantage that the God of Nature could possibly bestow upon us, we nevertheless remain "hewers of wood and drawers of water unto others."

The producers of the great staple that enters more largely into commerce than any other, we persistently refuse to manufacture the same, and thereby control the markets of the world, preferring the position of a servant rather than that of master.

With all these natural advantages undeveloped, and with scarce an effort for their development, what wonder that the world should conclude that as a people, we were born tired. With boundless wealth within our easy grasp, we persist in remaining poor.

Our farmers and planters continue to work for the factor and merchant, and they, in their turn, work for the railways and banks. Before the war we made cotton to buy negroes and bought negroes to make cotton. Since the war, we buy fertilizers and our food on a credit to make cotton and make cotton to buy fertilizers and something to eat. Behold the result. Bankruptcy, poverty, a by-word and reproach to ourselves.

A diversity of pursuits is our only road to independence, wealth and power. Examples are not wanting to illustrate the position we have taken.

Prior to the war, St. Louis was almost a purely commercial city. Six months in the year she had an active business with the South and Southwest, and the remaining six months she sat down with folded hands and awaited the gathering of the new crops before she again resumed active business. Then she had few or no manufactures. Since the war she has engaged largely in manufactures, and now her commerce extends over the whole year.

No waiting now, no folding hands, no six months of commercial death, but a ceaseless, active rush of business year in and year out.

In 1872 St. Louis had invested over $16,000,000 in manufactures, and after supplying her home demand, she *exported* $104,000,000 of her own manufactured goods.

With this came a vast increase of her commerce, a large accession to her population, and largely enhanced values of real estate. She has only to continue in this course—this most powerful of all combinations—that of manufactures and commerce, and she will surely become the most popnlous, the wealthiest and most powerful of all our interior cities.

History repeats itself. Will Atlanta profit by her example?

The Growing Cotton Crop.

The Memphis papers say that the prospect of the present crop is not as good now as it was two weeks ago, owing to the cool nights and dry weather.

Our correspondent from Newton county writes that the cotton has been injured and is one-third less than the prospect was three weeks ago. We have also gloomy accounts from other parts of the State, while in some portions it is good.

The Supply of Breadstuffs.

The later and more accurate reports of the European harvests leave no doubt of a very large deficiency that must be supplied from other quarters of the globe. Both Germany and France, which have heretofore produced a surplus beyond the demands of home consumption, will this year enter the world's markets as buyers.

The wheat crop in France will be not less than twenty-five per cent below the average. There is a poor crop in all parts of Italy, and the usual exports from Hungary will be withheld on account of deficiencies in its rye and corn crops. The yield of the Lower Danube is short, owing to the excessive heat of the summer.

According to the best authorities the wheat deficiencies of Europe during the years 1873-'4 may be estimated in round numbers as follows:

Requirements of England	bush. 92,000,000
Requirements of France	83,000,000
Requirements of other European countries	50,000,000
Total	224,000,000

Respecting the probable sources of supply the following table of wheat importation in Great Britain, in million cwts., during the last three years, will be found interesting:

	December 31—		
	1870.	1871.	1872.
Russia	10¼	18¾	7¾
United States	10¼	13¼	8¾
Germany	3½	3	3¼
France	¼	1-6	9¾
Turkey	¾	1¾	¾
British North America	2¾	2¾	1¾
Chili	¼	¼	1¾
Egypt	1-10	8-10	2¾
Sundry	¼	¾	2

This year France and Germany pass from the list of producing to consuming countries, making a difference that can hardly be estimated at less than 100,000,000 bushels in the demand.

Russia, however, is the great wheat producing country of the world, as far as Europe is concerned at least. Last year she supplied England with one-half of her requirements, while only one-fifth was furnished by the United States. The reports from that country are stilled involved in doubt. The latest advices from Taganrog are that the crop will be barely an average one. At Odessa there is an animated demand at rising prices. But really the supply of breadstuffs from the vast inexhaustible Muscovite Empire is a question of railroad transportation and tonnage.

Between Russia's and our immense surplus the world will not starve. The demand for grain tonnage at Montreal and New York far exceeds the supply. Grain is pouring in from the interior at Chicago and other receiving points. California is shipping her astonishing surplus, which will be larger than that of the preceding year. In short, the grain trade of 1873-4 promises to be very active, with the markets in favor of producers.

To-morrow's Constitution.

We shall send out to-morrow, probably, the best and handsomest issue ever printed of THE CONSTITUTION. Its contents will be varied. Besides our regular cotton and other editorials, there will be a most important legal decision, continuation of the thrilling novelette, "Annie Sinclair," all about the Phillips-Waddell difficulty, a statement and review of the business of Atlanta the last year, together with a glance at that of neighboring towns, general and miscellaneous matter, illustrations, etc. Let every one get a copy. It will be about twice the size of our usual eight page Sunday paper.

Advertisers.

Thousands of extra copies will be printed to-morrow, and scattered throughout this and neighboring States. We have received a great number of advertisements necessitating a paper nearly twice the usual size, but, as in the case of passengers in one of Adair's street cars, there is always room for one more. So send in your advertisements. Please hand them in at as early an hour as possible.

Racy Reading.

Look out for something racy in to-morrow's CONSTITUTION.

Phillips-Waddell Affair.

THE CONSTITUTION of to-morrow will contain a full and succinct account of the action of the parties, and their results. Considerable curiosity exists to know the various steps taken and the motives actuating each party. We possess the facts necessary for a full understanding of the whole matter.

Alabama News.

The new Court House in Mobile is approaching completion.

Montgomery has an auctioneer with the uxorious name of Brigham Young.

Tom Jenkins, of Selma, committed suicide by taking laudanum last Thursday night.

A negro man named Fifer, one of the party that excursted from Selma to Talladega last week, was knocked from the train by the Coosa bridge and instantly killed.

John Horrock, an old and respected citizen of Mobile, was accidentally killed at a shooting match on the old bay road, by a glancing shot fired by Mr. E. R. Salters, leader of the 2d United States Infantry brass band.

Says the State Journal, a Radical paper of Montgomery: The very mischief is to play with the colored brethren. While some of the self-constituted wovid-be leaders already holding two or three offices, are clamoring for more offices, another who stands high in the church is alleged to be a defaulter of church funds! And this defaulter is a candidate of the office-holders ring for the Senate of Alabama. The would be Senator is to have a final chance to clear himself to-day, and if he fails to come to time, he is already threatened with a visit from the sheriff with a writ for the books, and a capias for his body. Lively time ahead and lots of fun.

It is said there have only been three cases of yellow fever in Pensacola, the other sickness being bilifous fever. The Express has the following: During the week several new casses have been reported, and at the present time the physicians of the city have in charge 60 patients of all diseases. This week there has been four deaths of residents, three of fever and one of cholera morbus. Many of the sick are convalesing, and all of the deaths can be traced to imprudence in the patient. The fever yields readily to treatment, and is of the mildest type, in many cases but little inconvenience is felt except the confinement that is necessary to prevent relapse. The most singular phase of the fever prevalent here is, that it has no respect to person. It has always been supposed that blacks were proof against yellow fever, but this is not the case with the fever now, as many of them have been attacked by it, as well as acclimated and unacclimated whites. Taking all things into consideration—that is the population, the number sick, and the deaths—there is nothing so far that should create any alarm about the health of our city.

South Carolina News.

The increase of the colored population in this State since 1860 has been only one per cent.

Daniel Ravenel, one of the oldest and most respected citizens of Charleston, died at his residence on East Battery on Sunday.

The crops along the line of the Greenville and Columbia and South Carolina railroads are in fine condition and promise well.

Edgefield is agitating a narrow-gauge railroad connection from Edgefield Court House to the Pine House, on the Charlotte, Columbia and Augusta Railroad.

Ministers' passes were discontinued on the Charlotte, Columbia and Augusta Railroad on the 10th instant, by a special order from the General Superintendent's office.

The citizens of the town of Newberry have subscribed something over $4,650 for the removal of Newberry College. The prospect for the removal of this Institution to that town is said to be flattering. The exercises of this College were resumed at Walhalla, on the 4th instant.

The engine and tender on the up train on the Greenville and Columbia Railroad on Saturday, ran off the track at a point about sixty miles from Columbia. None of the cars went off, although the engine ran on the crossties at least a hundred yards before it could be stopped. The engineer was severely bruised. No other person was injured.

Ground has been broken for a magnificent new office for the Southern Express Company in Columbia. The front is to be sixty feet in width, and of iron. The depth will be ninety feet, and the office structure three stories in height.

A Female Brigand.

The Italian journals relate that the environs of Catanzaro, Calabria, are infested by a band of brigands under the command of a young woman. She is only twenty years of age, and of great beauty. Her name is Maria, the widow of Pietro Monica, a bandit chief, who was killed in an encounter with the gondarmes. At his death she seized his carbine and swore to avenge him. Some time after a young man, the son of a wealthy farmer, fell in love with her, and joined her band in order to be able to prosecute his suit. He was, however, peremptorily rejected, and in order to revenge himself he betrayed her to the authorities.

She was arrested, tried and sentenced to thirty years' imprisonment. While undergoing her punishment a warder became enamored of her, favored her escape and accompanied her, but was stabbed to death by her orders immediately she had rejoined her band. Since that period she had become still more redoubtable, her audacity and activity having redoubled, and she has made herself the terror of the country. She burns farms, carries off cattle and levies forced contributions. The slightest disobedience to her orders is punished by death. Her troop is numerous, and always well-informed by the peasantry, through dread of vengeance.

☞ In the whole South, from the Potomac and Ohio rivers to the Gulf of Mexico, says the New York World, there is no Republican at all except among the negroes, carpet-baggers, and Federal officers. There is no Southern State of which the Republicans could keep control after the next election if Washington influences were withdrawn.

BY TELEGRAPH

TO THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

EARLY NIGHT NEWS

For Noon Dispatches See First Page.

The National Headquarters.

BOLD OUTRAGE BY TWO CABINET OFFICERS ON A JOURNALIST—BROOKLYN POSTMASTER DROPPED.

GENERAL EDWIN T. McCOOK ASSASSINATED IN DACOTAH TERRITORY.

WASHINGTON, September 12.—Wm. H. Sawyer, an enterprising young journalist, correspondent of the Boston Traveller, was excluded by order from the Attorney General's office for publishing news that did not suit the views of the Attorney General. The officials, it appears, wrote to the proprietors of the Traveller that their correspondent was not subservient, whereupon he lost his place on the paper. Secretary Richardson and Judge Williams are said to be parties to this outrage.

The appointment of Chas. G. Talbot, postmaster at Brooklyn, N. Y., order No. 60 from August 1, 1873, is revoked.

The following was received to-day:

YANKTON, D. T., September 12.—U. S. Grant, President of the United States: Sir—Gen. E. T. McCook was assassinated at a public meeting last night by P. P. Wintersmith, a banker of this place.

JOHN A. BURBANK, Governor.

THE WEATHER.

PARTLY CLOUDY IN GEORGIA.

WASHINGTON, September 12.—It is probable, for the New England States, the pressure will diminish with fresh and brisk southerly to westerly winds, cloudy weather and rain, but followed by clearing weather over the southern portion during the afternoon and evening, and over the northern at night.

For the Middle States, fresh and brisk southerly to westerly winds, cloudy weather and rain to-night, the former veering to west and north with clearing weather and falling temperature.

For the South Atlantic and Gulf States, east of the Mississippi, light and fresh winds and clear and partly cloudy weather.

For Tennessee and the Ohio Valley, cloudy weather and rain, winds veering to fresh and brisk northerly by and on Saturday morning, with clearing weather and falling temperature.

For the lower lake region, cloudy weather, rain and wind veering to brisk and high northwesterly winds to-night, with clearing weather and lower temperature on Saturday. From Missouri to Iowa, wind, low temperature and clear and partly cloudy weather on Saturday, with frost at night.

Cautionary signals are ordered for Detroit, Toledo, Cleveland, Erie, Buffalo, Rochester and Oswego.

THE BALLOON BURSTED.

NEW YORK, September 12.—The Trans-Atlantic Balloon bursted at 4 o'clock this evening.

EARLY NIGHT FLASHES.

SARATOGA RACES.

SARATOGA, September 12.—Nine started yesterday in the single scull race. Courtney won by ½ of a mile. The Argonnats Club of Toronto won the second race.

ANNIVERSARY.

BALTIMORE, September 12.—The anniversary of the battle of North Point was generally observed by the old defenders having their usual celebration at Brown's Pavillion.

KILLED.

Charles Ecke, aged 65 years, was killed by being caught in the machinery of a sugar refinery.

MARINE NEWS.

SAVANNAH, September 12.—Arrived, John C. Adorn and A. G. Ireland.

CHARLESTON, September 12.—Arrived, Adger Charles Miller, Wachello, A. G. Gardener. Sailed—Equator, King Oscar, Belle Isle, D. F. Keatin, S. J. Moore and Alvarado

NEW YORK.

THE SHREVEPORT TELEGRAPH OFFICE CLOSED—ALL HANDS GOT YELLOW FEVER—INDICTMENTS BY THE WHOLESALE.

NEW YORK, September 12.—President Orton, of the Western Union Telegraph Company, has been notified that the Shreveport office is closed. All the operators have the fever.

The Grand Jury this morning handed over fifteen new indictments against James W. Johnson, arrested for complicity in the Great Central bond twenty forgeries, and fourteen against James Y. Yates and his associates, charged also with connection with the same offense. The motion to admit them to bail was adjourned till Monday.

The grand jury also brought an indictment against John D. Irving, whose name has been so much before the public in connection with the Nathans murder, for burglary in the third degree.

The jury in the case of Wm. Brewster and Benj. F. Welsch, members of the Board of Works of Jersey City, charged with malfeasance in office, after an absence of twenty-four hours, returned a verdict of guilty. A motion was made to set aside the verdict, as it was not in accordance with the evidence.

Fourteen other indictments against city officials were quashed.

ABROAD.

CARLISTS GETTING ARMS—WINE DISEASE IN PORTUGAL—AUSTRIAN NOBLEMEN SUICIDES.

BAYONNE, September 12.—A number of cannon and other munitions of war for the Carlists landed yesterday at Lequito on the coast of Biscay.

MADRID, September 12.—A body of Insurgent troops made a sortie from Carthagena Tuesday, but were unsuccessful in their efforts to pierce the line of the besieging force, and returned to the city.

LISBON, September 12.—Accounts from different sections of the country represent the wine disease as making great havoc.

VIENNA, September 12.—Prince Charles Esterhasy, the great Austrian statesman, has committed suicide.

MIDNIGHT NEWS.

THE KENTUCKY RACES.

LEXINGTON, September 12.—The first race, two-mile heats, was won by Wilber's entry, Stanford, in 3:40 1-2, making the last mile in 1:40 3-4 and distancing his competitor, Mandarin, in the first heat.

Second race—mile and filly stakes for two year olds, mile dash. Three started. The race was won easily by Robinson's Astral, by Asteroid, in 1:44 3-4, being the fastest time for two year olds ever made.

THE BALLOON.

FIFTY THOUSAND PEOPLE PRESENT FORTY THOUSAND FEET OF GAS BURSTS THE THING—EXCITING SCENE—THE ENTERPRISE ABANDONED FOR PRESENT.

NEW YORK, September 12.—Arrived—steamship Koln Bemen.

An immense crowd of people went to Brooklyn to-day to see the balloon inflated; many estimating the number as high as 50,000 in the streets, avenues and housetops. In the vicinity many roofs of high buildings in this city were covered with people with glasses to view its promised ascension.

The process of inflating commenced this forenoon and continued steadily during the day. Many people believed there would be a bona fide ascension, but others were skeptical.

At ten minutes past four the balloon suddenly swayed to the north and ripped half way around with a great tearing sound, and fell flat upon the ground. The immense volume of gas which had been pumped into it nearly 40,000 feet escaped, nearly suffocating those who stood on the lee side. Inspector Folk, Mr. Goodsell and Police Commissioner Briggs had but an instant before shifted their positions to eastward, and thus escaped being burned by the netting and canvas.

The crowd made a general rush over the ropes with the intention of tearing the balloon into small pieces and carrying them off as mementoes, but a strong force of police on the ground charged and drove them back, but not before many succeeded.

Stiner, who had contracted to fill the balloon, said that it would be folly to attempt another inflation, as the bag was not made of proper material. So the enterprise is abandoned for the present.

The Cincinnati Exposition.

A MAGNIFICENT SUCCESS—SOME OF THE ACHIEVEMENTS.

CINCINNATI, September 12.—The attendance at the exposition for the first eight days, closing yesterday, was ninety-six thousand, being nineteen thousand more than the corresponding eight days of last year. As to display everybody pronounced it immensely in advance of its predecessor, while in respect to quantity and value, especially the latter, it is without parallel in Cincinnati expositions.

The Government Signal Service Department has an office in the main building, where reports are received and printed daily. The lower hall has 255 machines moving, of which 140 are propelled by steam, the others by hand. In addition to these are seventy-five bulky machines laying idle.

The department of natural industry is very full.

There are sixteen departments, and scarcely one of them, have ever been equalled in this country. In the music pavilion, three concerts are given daily by the best bands in the city, who have rehearsed for months for the occasion.

Floral Hall was never surpassed in perfection of variety and rarity of plants exhibited.

Art Hall contains 300 oil paintings, 400 engravings, 100 water colors and drawings, 260 articles of household art, 25 architectural drawings, 21 large photographic views of Yosemite Valley, besides a great number of other fine photographs and oil paintings representing English, French, Flemish and German schools. Two of Turner's pictures are in the collection, both water colors. An instalment of nine pictures from Dusseldorff, send specially for this Exposition, arrived this week and were put on the walls.

The attendance from abroad has been very large.

YELLOW FEVER

Shreveport Depopulated—The Disease Baffles Treatment—None Recover.

NEW ORLEANS, September 12.—A dispatch from Shreveport, to-day, to Messrs. Nash & Hodgson, says the city continues in great need of relief. The yellow fever is of a malignant type, and does not yield readily to treatment. There is a great scarcity of people to attend to the sick.

Signed, L. P. SIMMONS,
President Howard Association.

A dispatch from W. A. L'Hommodieu, of Marshall, Texas, Telegraph Superintendent, to Superintendent Flanney, of this city, says everything is in great confusion in Shreveport. There were thirty deaths there yesterday. The fever is reported worse there to-day.

The following is an extract from a private letter, dated Shreveport, September 7:

"The town is nearly depopulated by stampede and sickness. About sixty people have died and there are still great numbers sick. One awful characteristic of the sickness is that no one attacked has recovered."

THE EPISCOPALIANS.

THE DEAN OF CANTERBURY AND AN ENGLISH-AMERICAN ALLIANCE.

NEW YORK, September 12.—Rev. P. P. Smith of Canterbury, delegate to American evangelical alliance, is bearer of a letter from the Archbishop of Canterbury to the alliance expressing a wish and hope that this general conference may promote unity of all forms of Christian belief. The Dean says there is general feeling among the members of the church of England; that the dividing line which separated the established church from other christian denominations should be less marked, and having that object in view he accepted the invitation of the alliance.

VETERANS OF THE ARMY OF MEXICO

NEW YORK, September 12.—The sub committee of Veterans of the Army of Mexico met in the Astor House this p. m., and arranged for an annual celebration on September 15. General Joe Hooker presided. A deputation of citizens headed by Mayor Havemeyer, waited on the command and tendered a dinner.

RAILROAD CONTRACTOR'S WIFE DEAD.

WASHINGTON, September 12.—Mrs. Holliday, wife of Ben Holliday, the well known California contractor, died Wednesday evening after a brief illness, at the family's mansion, in Westchester.

OLD WORLD NEWS.

INTERNATIONAL.

THE EUROPEAN-AMERICAN CONFERENCE AT GHENT.

GHENT, September 12.—The Conference of the European and American Juries Consuls, which has been in session in this city during the week, has organized as a permanent institute of international law.

Three subjects have been discussed, viz: International arbitration, the three rules of the Washington treaty, and the codification and adoption of rules and regulations relative to private property in time of war. The conference appointed a committee to draw up and issue a manifesto, and adjourned to meet in Geneva next year.

German Evacuation of France

PARIS, September 12.—The evacuation of Verdun by the German forces will be completed to-morrow. There will be great rejoicing and a general illumination in the evening.

SPAIN.

AN ENCOURAGING TELEGRAM ABOUT THE ANTI-CARLIST SIDE.

MADRID, September 12.—The situation here and throughout the country is improving. A large portion of the reserves called out has been assembled, and their equipment is progressing. The government is capable of putting 34,000 effective forces into the field. The command of the Army of the North has been confided to Gen. Balsals.

General Turon will enter upon a vigorous campaign in Colonia with 10,000 men. The resources of the northern provinces have been exhausted by war and exactions of the Carlists. The necessaries of life, even, have become scarce and thousands of families are reduced to indigence. The Carlists keep to the mountains. Being without cavalry, they do not dare to descend to the plains in any considerable number.

The express train which left Vittera at 2 o'clock this morning for Madrid, while going at full speed, ran off the track. The cars were badly wrecked and many passengers were killed; among them one General and several persons of eminence. The cause of the disaster is unknown. Obstructions were placed by the Carlists, yesterday, on the railway from Saragosa to Pampelona, and the train was thrown off the track near Taffola. No one was killed.

MERRIE ENGLAND.

GRANVILLE AFTER THE SPANISH—HONORS TO A YANKEE—THE NEW MINISTER TO WASHINGTON.

LONDON, September 12.—It is reported that Earl Granville has told the representatives of Spain here, that the British Government insists upon the liberation of the officers and crew captured from on board the steam yacht Deerbound.

The municipality of London propose to give a dinner in honor of Watson, President of the Erie Railway, on his arrival in this city.

Aristrich, the newly appointed minister to Washington, sales on the 20th inst., for New York.

Financial and Commercial

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, September 12.—Cotton dull; at 20¼a21; sales 1,265 bales.

Cotton—net receipts to-day, none; gross 213 bales.

Sales of cotton for future delivery to-day closed easy; sales 8,300 bales, as follows: September, 18 9-16. October, 18 1-32. November, 17 11-16. December, 17 5-8. January, 17 29-32. February, 18 1-8. March, 18 1-2.

Flour inactive and easier; common to fair extra $3 40a10. Whisky 96 1-2, closing with buyers at 97. Wheat heavy, and declining for spots; firm for arrivals. Corn closed quiet. Rice quiet. Pork quiet. Lard 8 3-8a8 1-2. Navals steady, Freights inactive.

Money easy at 5a6. Sterling firm at 8 5-8. Gold 111a11 7-8. Governments—more doing and prices a shade better. State bonds quiet and nominal.

LATER.—Sis 17 3-8; 62s 13½; 64s 15; 65s 15½; new 15 3-8; 68s 16½; new 5s 12½; 10-40s 12½. Tennessees 81; new 81. Virginias 42; new 50. Consols 50½; deferred 11½. Louisianas 46½; new 40. Levee 6s 59; 8s 55. Alabama 8s 70; 5s 45. Georgia 6s 65; 7s 90. North Carolinas 27; new 16; special tax 10. South Carolinas 25½; new 14. April and October 23.

LIVERPOOL, September 12, evening.—Cotton sales include 10,000 bales American; sales of cotton to arrive 11-16 higher.

Yarns and fabrics firm with an upward tendency.

LONDON, September 12, evening.—Turpentine 31s 6d.

CITY POINT, September 12.—Cotton—weekly net receipts 211 bales.

NASHVILLE, September 12.—Cotton firm; low middlings 17 1-2; weekly receipts 497 bales; shipments 1,024; stock, 1873, 1,355; 1872, 139.

ST. LOUIS, September 12.—Flour steady and unchanged. Corn dull with business small; No 2 mixed 43 1-2 east side on track; 43 in elevator, cash; 46 for November Whisky higher at 93a94. Pork easier at $16 50, fancy. Bacon lower; shoulders 9a9 1-8; clear rib sides 10; clear sides 10 1-8a10 1-4. Lard quiet; refined 8 3-4.

PROVIDENCE, September 12.—Weekly sales 2,000; stock 8,000.

MACON, September 12.—Cotton steady; low middlings 17 1-4; weekly receipts 330; exports 282; stock 1872, 963, 1873, 1,494.

MONTGOMERY, September 12.—Cotton—offerings light; middlings 17 1-4; weekly receipts 44; shipments 540; stock 1872, 1,299; 1873, 1,309.

NORFOLK, September 12.—Cotton firm; low middlings 18 1-2; net receipts 209; exports coastwise 340; sales 90; stock 336; weekly net receipts 2,062; exports coastwise 2,818; sales 300.

COLUMBUS, September 12.—Cotton quiet, low middling 18. Weekly receipts 249; shipments 279; sales 414; stock, 1872 607; 1873 1040.

COMPARATIVE COTTON STATEMENT.

NEW YORK, Sept. 12.—The following is a comparative cotton statement for the week ending to-day.

Net receipts at all United States ports during the week	14,415 bales
Same time last year	29,622 "
Showing a decrease of	15,207 "
Total receipts at all United States ports to date	28,750 "
Last year	44,706 "
Show a decrease of	20,966 "
Exports from all United States ports for the week	8,195 "
Same time last year	6,699 "
Showing an increase of	1,503 "
Total exports from all United States ports to date	15,416 "
Total exports same time last year	9,691 "
Showing an increase of	5,733 "
Stock on hand at all United States ports	71,166 "
Stock at all United States ports same time last year	73,363 "
Showing a decrease of	1,257 "
Stock on hand at all interior towns, less Augusta	8,359 "
Stock at interior towns same time last year	8,021 "
Showing an increase of	338 "
Stock on hand at Liverpool	738,000 "
Stock at Liverpool same time last year	815,000 "
Showing a decrease of	87,000 "
American Cotton afloat for Great Britain	37,0 0 "
Same time last year	5,000 "
Showing an increase of	32,000 "

NEW ORLEANS, September 12.—Flour dull. Corn quiet; yellow 70; white mixed 70a72. Oats quiet at 48. Bran 86. Hay dull; prime $25; choice $26. Pork dull at $17 25a17 50. Bacon firm and scarce; shoulders 9¾; clear rib sides 10¾; clear sides 10¾. Hams 14a15. Lard dull; tierce 8¾a9; keg 10¾a11 3-4. Sugar and molasses—no movement. Whisky dull; Louisiana 96; Cincinnati $1 03. Coffee firm; fair to prime 22¼a23¼.

Exchange—Sterling 21. New York Sight 3-8 premium. Gold 12¼.

WILMINGTON, September 12.—Cotton firm; middlings 18 3-4; net receipt 12 bales; stock 147; weekly net receipts 67; exports coastwise 90; sales 28.

SAVANNAH, September 12.—Cotton firm and unchanged; middlings 18; net receipts 660; exports coastwise 1,440 bales; sales 300; stock 2,944; weekly net receipts 3,449 exports coastwise 3,093; sales 1,519.

BOSTON, September 12.—Cotton quiet; middlings 21; net receipts 20 bales; gross 669; sales 300; stock 9; weekly net receipts 104; gross 234; sales 1,750.

MEMPHIS, September 12.—Cotton dull; low middlings 18¾; receipts 213 bales; shipments 170; sales 290; stock in 1872, 1,973; in 1873, 2,823; weekly receipts 1,253; shipments 1,886.

MOBILE, September 12.—Cotton firm and in fair demand; middlings 18 1-4a18 1-2; low middlings 17 1-8; strict good ordinary 15 1-4; net receipts 384 bales; exports coastwise 149; sales 200; stock 5,386; weekly net receipts 9,095; exports coastwise 1,944; sales 900.

LOUISVILLE, September 12.—Flour firm, in fair demand and unchanged. Corn in fair demand and firm at 58a63. Provisions quiet. Pork quiet at $16 25. Bacon—shoulders 9 1-4, clear rib 10 1-2a10 5-8; clear 10 7-8, packed. Lard—tierce 9; keg 9 3-4; steam 7 7-8. Whisky in good demand and higher at 94.

CHARLESTON, September 12.—Cotton quiet; middlings 18 3-4; low middlings 18 1-4; strictly good ordinary 17; net receipts 686 bales; gross 689; exports coastwise 500; sales 100; stock 3,635; weekly net receipts 3,893 bales; gross 3,777; exports to Great Britain 1,132; coastwise 1,965; sales 850.

NEW ORLEANS, September 12.—Cotton quiet and firm; middlings 19 3-4; low middlings 19 1-8; strict good ordinary 19 1-2; net receipts 513; gross 513; sales 300; stock 6,190; weekly net receipts 2,013; gross 2,013; exports coastwise 697; sales 2,000.

BALTIMORE, September 12.—Cotton firm; middlings 20 1-8; gross receipts 64; exports coastwise 100; sales 135; stock 423; weekly net receipts 19; gross 350; exports coastwise 318; sales 821.

GALVESTON, September 12.—Cotton quiet; Texas ordinary 19½; good ordinary 16½; net receipts 254 bales; sales 36; stock 6,000. Weekly net receipts 1,177; exports coastwise 674; sales 726.

SELMA, September 12.—Cotton—Weekly receipts 476 bales; shipments 600; stock, 1872, 846; 1873-338.

PHILADELPHIA, September 12.—Cotton quiet; middlings 20 1-2; low middlings 19 1-2; strict good ordinary 17 1-2; net receipts 52; gross 130. Weekly net receipts 487 bales; gross 1,065.

CINCINNATI, September 12.—Flour dull at $7a$7 35. Corn quiet at 52. Provisions quiet and steady. Pork quiet; held at $16 jobbing sales $16 25. Bacon quiet and steady; shoulders 9a9 7-8; loose clear rib 10 1-8; clear in good demand at 10 3-8a10 1-8 loose. Whisky firm and active at 96.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

We are authorized to announce the name of James

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION

ATLANTA:

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 13, 1873.

SUGAR CREEK PAPER MILLS
WM. McNAUGHT & CO.

See Daily and Weekly CONSTITUTION for specimen of our "news." marti-ly

Redwine & Fox Have Kept it Up Since 1865.

To supply the trade with pure drugs, paints and oils. Of a consequence, when the people need a good article call on

july17-dtf REDWIN & FOX.

Carley, Duck & Co.,

Atlanta Branch Great Southern Oil and Paint Works, 35 Pryor street. Pure Leads, Lard, Linseed, and Burning Oils, Colors, Varnishes, Window-Glass, Lamps, etc., at Wholesale. Artists' materials, Crayons, Pencils, Canvass, Stretchers, Waters and Oil Colors, etc., a specialty. apr15-eodly

PRICES of all goods marked in plain figures, only one price. Robes $2 25 to $12 00; walking and train skirts 80 cents to $6 25, chemises, $1 to $3 50, drawers 75 cents to $3, corset covers $1 25 to $4.50, toilet sacques $1 25 to $7, aprons 40 cents to $1—all made of the finest undressed material—at 46 Marietta street, opposite the Post Office.

aug3-deodtf MRS. BROOKS.

LECTURE OF RT. REV. BISHOP GROSS. This beautiful address, delivered at the Capitol to an immense audience, and reported verbatim in THE CONSTITUTION, is greatly in demand. To supply the orders received, we are printing *five thousand* copies. The net proceeds go to the Building Committee of the splendid new Catholic church. For sale at the counter [illegible] cents per copy, $3 per hundred, $10 per [illegible] red, $18 per thousand. We will pay postage on [illegible] orders from a distance. tf

THOUGHT AND ITS CHARACTER.—Address at Monroe Female College by Rev. Dr. Dixon. In pamphlet form. Price same as lecture above. sept5-tf

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

INDEX TO NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—The sale of seats at the Synagogue will begin to-morrow, at 2 o'clock.

Some inconsistent thief stole, on the night of the 11th, A. Leyden's fine dark bay mare.

One thousand dollars reward is offered for the apprehension of Seth Leatherwood, who murdered John Patterson, in Gilmer county, on the 28th of December, 1872, and who broke jail in April last.

S. S. Kendrick & Sons offer bargains in carpets of all grades.

The sale of the stock and fixtures in the store occupied by H. M. Rose & Co., will commence on the 23d. See special announcement of C. A. Pitts.

John C. Evins is suggested as a candidate for Clerk of the Superior Court.

See legal notice of Judge Nesbit, Ordinary of Milton county.

ADVERTISE in THE CONSTITUTION of to-morrow.

S. S. KENDRICK & SONS are offering carpets at auction prices.

THE sale of seats in the Hebrew Synagogue will begin to-morrow at 2 P. M.

THE name of Mr. John C. Evins has been suggested as a candidate for Clerk of the Superior Court. He is a man of fine attainments and experience.

THE sale of the stock of liquors of R. M. Rose & Co will commence on the 23d inst. Terms cash.

THE Ladies Fair Committee of the Y. M. L. A., will meet at the rooms of the Association this afternoon at five o'clock.

WE WISH to buy dried fruit and hides—unlimited quantity. Price—top of the market, cash.

sep 9-d3t SHEEK & Co.

FRESH OYSTERS.—Pease's Restaurant! Fresh Norfolk oysters. The first of the season arrived to-day. The season has come for good living, boys.

sep13 2t

WE direct attention to the advertisement offering $1,000 reward for the capture of Seth Leatherwood, indicted for the murder of John Patterson, of Gilmer County, and who escaped jail in April last.

SPECIAL attention is called to the special announcement of Mr. C. A. Pitts, relative to his candidacy for re-Clerkship.

THE fine, dark bay mare of A. Leyden was stolen from his stable on the night of the 11th. See advertisement.

Don't fail to send in your advertisements to day for the big edition to-morrow.

NEW COTTON.—The first bale of new cotton brought into Gainesville was brought by Snowden Bonner on Saturday, the 6th inst., and shipped to C. L. Brown & Co. It was raised on J. W. Arnold's plantation. H. A. Camp shipped one bale on the 8th to Garnett & Bro. Last year the first bale was brought in by J. D. Stafford on the 28th of August.

A. J. Cagle and J. M. Chambless brought the first new bale of cotton at Flowery Branch on the 6th, and shipped it via Charlotte, N. C., to Inman & Swan, of New York.

Thirty bales of new cotton were received here yesterday.

TRADE OF ATLANTA.—Business is looking up in Atlanta. The indications point to a large increase of business by wholesale and jobbing houses. Dealers feel it to their interest to come here, as our wholesale merchants can duplicate New York bills. The commission business has declined, and for obvious reasons. After the surrender our merchants had no money and no credit. Consequently, Northern and Western men found it better to ship on consignment into goods. Now our merchants are getting richer and have better credit. When a Western man ships produce to a commission merchant here he draws on sight. Should the goods be delayed by a blockade of the railroads and advance in price, the advance goes to the benefit of the Western man. Hence our merchants find it preferable to buy their goods instead of selling on commission.

The WEED is Triumphant!

AT BOTH *Vienna* AND *Paris*.

This dispatches announce the WEED "Family Favorite" as the leading machine at the Vienna Exposition, as the International Jury have decided in favor, and placed it at the head of the list of merit.

The Weed also occupied a similar position at the Boston Exposition, where it was victorious over about 30 machines. aug24-tf

FIRE.—Dr. J. D. Long, of Jefferson, Jackson county, called on us yesterday. He reports the crops in Jackson county the best ever known in that county.

Colonel Henry Morgan, of Albany, is here, attending session of the Supreme Court. He reports ravages of the caterpillar less destructive than feared.

Hon. F. L. Brantley, traveling agent of the Augusta Chronicle and Sentinel, is in the city.

Captain Frank N. Waddell, Jr., agent of the Charleston, S. C., Observer, is in the city.

W. K. Bilbro, editor of the Opelika Locomotive, was in Atlanta yesterday.

The Ga. R. R. passed down the Georgia Road yesterday, and stopped at Stone Mountain.

Mr. Bonner, the clothier, is back from market with a full stock, and everybody in need of clothing is invited to call.

A. L. Brisman returned last night from his eastern trip.

J. Jim Wilson returned from Polk county yesterday.

EMPLOYEES Georgia Central Railroad (Atlanta Division)—Atlanta Ga., September 13, 1873: John W. Ryan & Co, Wm Mackey, W W Compton & Co, Philip Orme, J A Taylor, J C Carter, L B Langford, Smith & Co, McBride & Co, E Van Goidtanoven, Hunt & Bro, Wm Rich & Co, Stewart & Wood, Wilson & Snow, Kisas, May & Co, Silvey, Dougherty & Co, M & J Hirsch, McNaught & Scrutchin, Ivy & Co, S M Inman, Holmes, Calder & Co, Wm Butler, M C & J F Kiser, Moore, Marsh & Co, Dwight, Ormand & Co, Thomas Schuman, W Howard & Co, J G Jones, Cohen & Selig, G W Murphy & Bro., V P Sisson & Co., Fleishel & Co, N J Lynch, Regenstein & Bro, P & G T Dodd & Co, T S Townsend & Co, Boyd & Brumby, M P Jones, James R Wylie, Singer Manufacturing Co, W Parrott, West & Adamson, A K Seago.

Bill Arp Boys-terous.

As we have heretofore been silent upon the subject, we shall now endeavor to write a short local about the fair. The fair (boy babies don't often run eleven pounds) was a success (the doctor tried hard to make him out twelve pounds) yesterday. It was largely (ahead of all the other boy babies) attended by the elite (who wouldn't have a baby) as well as by the buxom lads and rosy cheeked lassies of the county and section. They will (of course, everybody like boys to be of age wants a boy baby, though we just always own up) have another glorious time (if nothing occurs to-day. We cannot be present before to-day (the boy occupies the time of the whole day), and shall be otherwise engaged. We wish all parties present, who attend, including the boys (it appears to us that all the babies are boys here, for last night we saw only one girl baby), to have a jolly time - not bolsterous but [illegible] *Rome Commercial*.

Dr. Hall evidently laboring under a severe attack of [illegible]—like the President of the Georgia Western Railroad.

Water for the City.

Editors Constitution: I had rather concluded to say nothing more on the subject of my big well, as the people of Atlanta (the over newspapers to especially to allow [illegible] [illegible] except [illegible] [illegible] the matter [illegible] [illegible] up in me "a well of water," until it has become almost impossible to choke it back.

If my plan were adopted it would go against the interest of other parties, (which I regret) but I am for the "greatest good to the greatest number," and as I have no axe to grind, and am finding myself and working for nothing, I hope all who see this will read it carefully; and if I am mistaken, point out the mistake and point it out and I will *freely acknowledge it*; but if I am correct, then use your influence for my well. It can educate, but I am anxious for the children to read it. I intend to demonstrate the subject so plainly that little boys and girls ten years of age, and under, can understand it. *Opinion is power.* All I wish is to get the citizens convinced and the authorities will feel the pressure.

I have had eight wells dug in various parts of the city, four for my tenants and four for my own use. I saw the bottoms of seven of these wells, and examined the substance through which the water passes, from all sides, and not through veins, as in localities further north. Those there are some rocky wells in Atlanta, but they are exceptions. What I mean by earth water level in Atlanta is the surface of the water as it stands in any given well that is surrounded by sand and not rocks.

Now in digging a well, say about the first of September, when we come to water running in from all sides through this sandy clay, mark this spot and dig on. If you wish a four foot well dig five feet, and the water will come back to your mark, which will be five feet; but late in the fall it will go down to about four feet, and next summer it will rise to about six feet, and so on. This variation is sometimes a little greater than this, but that amounts to nothing if your well be deep.

A WELL TO HOLD ONE AND ONE-HALF MILLION GALLONS OF WATER.

NOW, if we dig a well one hundred feet in diameter and twenty-five feet below the water-level, we have a bulk of water one hundred feet in diameter and twenty-five feet deep—(to make it simple for children,) multiply one hundred by one hundred and then deduct one fifth from the amount to throw it into a circle, (which is now within a fraction of being correct); you now have the square feet of the bottom surface. Multiply this by twenty-five, and you have the cubic feet of water—a cubic foot of water, according to Atlanta measurement, is seven and one-half gallons. Now multiply your cubic feet of water by seven and one-half, and you have one and one-half million gallons of water.

If emptied will this well refill itself? If this well will refill itself in twenty-four hours, we have an abundant supply for all purposes for an age to come.

FILTERING SURFACE.

As I stated, water passes into wells in Atlanta (with but few exceptions), through sand from all sides. This is a very fine sand, mixed with mica and partially disintegrated clay. Water passes quite freely through this substance, yet it requires time.

COMPARATIVE ADVANTAGES OF A LARGE OVER A NUMBER OF SMALL WELLS.

As it takes time for water to pass through this sandy substance, the broader the filtering surface, the greater the quantity of water passing into the well. (To illustrate for children,) take a very fine hair-wire sieve—keep the rim filled with water, and a certain quantity of water will pass through in a given time. Now take a sieve just double size, and double the quantity of water will pass through; or four times the size, four times the water and so on. Now make the application.

THE APPLICATION.

An ordinary three-foot well, with four feet in depth of water, such as are usually dug in Atlanta, measures, including the bottom, forty-three feet of this filtering surface, whilst my well contains fifteen thousand five hundred feet, of same surface. Now divide the number of drain feet in the large well by the number in the small well, and you will see that my well contains a filtering surface equal to that of three hundred and sixty of the small wells combined, and when we take into consideration the great increase of gravitating pressure gained by going twenty five, instead of four feet, in water; it is plain to be seen that our well will refill itself in as short, if not shorter time, than our ordinary family wells; and I have ascertained, by careful experiment, that ordinary wells in Atlanta will refill in from ten to twelve hours.

A large well has many other advantages over a number of smaller wells. One is, that the earth may be taken out in carts and drays, until it is ten or fifteen feet deep; and another, and *very important* advantage is, concentration of engine power, tank, etc., instead of placing an engine with attendants at each well.

LOCATION OF WELL.

If we locate the well anywhere near the center of the city, the probability is, that in a few years the water would be no better, if as good as river water.

The proper place for it is on the summit of a high elevation, free from rocks, outside of the city proper. On such a situation—if the city would purchase ground enough around it to form a nice park, and never suffer any building to be placed near the well—the water would be good for all time. Every one visiting the city would like to see the water works park

TANK.

It certainly seems to me that it would be a great deal cheaper and better every way to raise the water into a tank, and let it force by gravitating pressure, as it is done at the Fairmount water works in Philadelphia, and numberless other places, than to use any different plan. The water for daily use, drinking, etc., would not necessarily have to pass through the tank, except in cases of fire, but may be kept cool, if the pipes be deeply imbedded, ready for use, which would be an advantage over Fairmount and other water works.

COST OF WELL.

If the city would employ hands by the day, and employ a suitable man to direct them, the described well could be dug, (including pumping out the water, and arrangements to prevent caving) and substantially walled up, ready for use, for less than $25,000, instead of $130,000. Now to "show my faith by my work."

If the city will employ hands and have this well dug according to this letter, and fail to get an abundant supply of water, I *will foot the bill.* I will pay the whole cost of the well, and on the other hand, if they succeed even beyond my most sanguine expectations, I will not so much as charge a physician's fee for advice,

I am ready at any time to sign the papers. Don't let your sympathies in my behalf interfere with this proposition. I am not afraid of losing, and if I should have it to pay, can live without it—have no children and no poor kin, who are not fully capable of taking care of themselves. I love Atlanta, and if she fails to get pure water to drink it will not be my fault.

Our big, little, sister Rome, up the way, refused to drink out of the Etowah flowing past her doors, and stepped back a little way among the clean hills and dug a well, under great disadvantages, which abundantly supplies all of her needs; and should we be less fastidious? And I will tell you another thing—Rome did (to her honor be it said) she went to work and built her own engine, (and a capital one it is too,) made her own tank, boiler, etc., and kept her water works moving in the clean little city.

Does it not seem a little ridiculous that Atlanta should be loudly and vehemently calling for manufactories, to sustain the city, whilst the city fails to sustain (by its patronage) the manufactories already with us? I don't know that there are men in Atlanta skilled in engine making, but simply take it for granted that we are not behind Rome in this respect.

Very Respectfully,

F. D. THURMAN.

P. S.—Messrs. Editors, please allow me here, to return my hearty thanks to Mr. H. C. Hill, Superintendent of the Rome Water Works, for kind favors rendered. F. D. T.

Hotel Arrivals.

At the Kimball House: A J White, Griffin; St. Clair Dearing, North Carolina; Mrs W Dearing, Savannah; Phil Cook, jr., Americus; J A Sullivan, United States Coast Survey; M A Sayre, Western Railroad; J C Nisbet, Dale county; R F Mims and wife, Savannah; J C Compton and wife, Selma; H Van Wyck, Georgia; J B Hodge United States Coast Survey; Miss Hodge, Massachusetts; J J Baldwin, Georgia; L H Cohen, New York; W F Doughton, Macon; H S McKee, Pennsylvania; Miss Earl, South Carolina; Mrs Austin, Kentucky; A Vanderpool, South Carolina; H Young Charleston.

At the National: J B Branch, Chattanooga; W B Frost, LaGrange; W Lieber, Philadelphia; H W Jones, Covington; P L Chandler, Montgomery; John King, Savannah; W Cupid Moffett, Ga; Captain N J Bryard, Rome; S H Hutchorns, Selma; E Hallman, Baltimore; D W K Peacock, Cartersville; W W Hart, Virginia; B P Hollis, Americus; E H Hough, Philadelphia; H Morgan, Albany; Arthur L Wood, Macon Mrs S M Bailey, David Bailey, F Bailey, Griffin; F N Waddell, F D Bush, N C; T W Flynt, Griffin; W P Herring, Lagrange; R B Hiltonand wife Tallahassee, Fla; G R Banks and lady, Columbus; J D Long, Miss Watson, Jefferson; C B Nesbitt, Norcross; F Prichel, Baltimore.

ADVERTISE! Advertise!! Advertise!!! in THE CONSTITUTION of to-morrow.

YESTERDAY at the Atlanta Furniture Factory depot on Whitehall street, we saw a magnificent bed-room suit of black walnut furniture, piano finish, just sold to Mrs. Archer for her private boarding house on Mitchell street. The dressing case is a superb affair. Mrs. Archer is furnishing her rooms in splendid style.

A. C. & B. F. WILY ship their goods from New York by several lines. A recent shipment from New York came, via the Western and Atlantic railroad, in six days, which Roger Thompson thinks very good time.

The ladies of the Memorial Association beg leave, through your columns, to express their thanks to Col. Nicholls for gratuitously offering the beautiful ball room of the H. L. Kimball House, the gas and servants, for the approaching "Dickens Party."

THE ROME FAIR.

[illegible] Increasing—Two Art Hall—75 Varieties [illegible] Grain One Foot—Indian Plants—Tea Plant—Home Sugar—North Georgia Cotton

ROME FAIR GROUNDS, September 12, 1873.

Editors Constitution: We have had beautiful weather, cool and clear. A goodly sprinkling of the fairest daughters of the Cherokee section of Georgia has cheered everybody on the grounds with their pleasing ways and happy smiles. The interest in the Fair seems to be on the increase. In addition to the regular sights and pleasures of social meetings, each day has some new sport and attractive feature, while the most exciting scenes are to come off on Saturday, so that the last day of the fair will, in all probability, be the day of the week most attractive. Many elegant articles have been added to the several departments. I shall be satisfied, and so must your readers, with a brief notice of them—the picking and putting on paper of so many items takes time.

THE ART HALL.

But few paintings of nature are on exhibition. The photographic operators have contributed liberally. Amongst the many faces are seen several of Georgia's living stars, as well as those of whose history is well known, and whose faces are indelibly stamped in the hearts of the mass of the people.

GOLD WEDDING-RING.

One of the examining committee showed me a small gold ring nearly worn out, which was known to be over 125 years old.

VARIETIES OF WOOD.

Also two specimens of wood. One lot of 53, and another of 75 varieties of wood grown on the plantations of two gentlemen near Rome. (I was informed by Col. Sproul to day that he had 45 varieties in his door yard.) Most of it is capable of a high finish. Mallets and other useful articles were on exhibition made out of some of these varieties.

BUTTERFLIES.

I was also shown several good sized frames literally filled with several hundred varieties of these beautiful winged creatures. They were neatly prepared and exhibited by Messrs. Beyseigle and Sheck.

HOUSE PLANTS.

This display of house plants and flowers is beautiful—exceedingly fine. In size, beautiful color, etc., they were all that the most ardent lovers of those pleasant house companions could desire. The principal exhibitors are Mrs. F. Price, Mrs. Zeiser and Mr. J. J. Cohen. In addition to many other rare exotic plants Mrs. C. has a thrifty orange tree with good sized oranges on it in the hall. It has attracted universal attention. Indeed, it is a sight but few ever saw before in North Georgia.

VEGETABLES.

Beets weighing many pounds; onions as large as a saucer; Irish potatoes measuring ten inches long, and as big as you please; sweet potatoes as big round as a small barrel; sweet, field and sugar corn equal to that grown in Iowa and Illinois were on exhibition in large quantities.

WATERMELONS

One raised by William McGee, of Cherokee, Ala., weighing sixty-eight pounds, two feet three inches long, and measuring around the centre three feet, was brought in to day.

TOBACCO.

Tobacconist have pronounced several of the specimens on exhibition as fine as they ever saw in Virginia. I expect to bring you a sample stalk.

TEA PLANT.

The real Chinese tea plant is to be seen. It is the first I ever saw, and so says all observers. It is a thrifty little bush about two feet in height, with some ten or twelve branches, and covered with bright green leaves and bulbs. I have the promise of it to hang up in THE CONSTITUTION office.

SUGAR.

A splendid article, such as A. C. & B. F. Wyly would pronounce class "A." is before me, and manufactured from sugar cane grown near here. Is there anything that can not be produced in North Georgia?

FRUITS.

I do not exaggerate one particle when I say the several specimens of apples and pears scattered about the hall are the equal of the celebrated apples of Iowa, (that State for several years has carried off the blue ribbon from the Northwestern Fruit Growers' Association,) and the pears are the equal of the California. The latter were grown and cultivated by Colonels Shorter and Gilliard. The apples came mostly from the top of Mount Alto.

CEREALS.

Wheat, oats, rye, etc., are all good specimens. I should have mentioned that there are here to be seen stalks of corn with seven good ears hanging to them. It almost seems too marvelous to publish.

JACK BEANS.

14 inches long and 1½ inches wide, a fact.

COTTON.

Several specimens like that exhibited at Acworth, having 200 and upwards of bolls and squares on them are shown by several parties.

HAY.

My attention has been called by several farmers to the bales of clover, timothy, crab, orchard and mixed grasses, made and baled near here. The old saying that straws tell which way the wind blows, is to my mind in this case, particularly striking.

It plainly indicates that a stop will soon be put to the general demand for Northern hay. Why should our people send off their surplus money for an article they can so successfully and profitably raise themselves. Mixed farming is bound to become the rule.

OATS.

As fine an article of the white grits as I ever saw, or as can be purchased in Atlanta, manufactured by J. J. Cohen, one of the Rome millers, is offered for, and will undoubtedly take a premium.

FLOUR.

His, and as well as that exhibited by Mr. Smith and others, is very fine—almost, if not quite, equal to Cook & Choates' choice.

CHICKENS AND OTHER FOWLS.

Who could have expected to see the like? Fifty-two coops, of from two to eight and ten in a coop, and of all the new varieties, save brown Brahmas, with eighteen coops of ducks—white, black, mixed, etc. Also, six coops of turkies—one of the gobblers, it is claimed, weighs thirty-six pounds, and three coops of pea fowls.

What I have to say about the apple pie and apple dumpling committee, and about the cattle, hogs and horses and young Rockling and pretty wife—they are happy and that is enough. Col. C——, go thou and do likewise, a good wife is a good thing to have in the family.

One of the most beautiful sights on the Fair Grounds to day was that of Mrs. Moatilla and her twins, nine months old—everybody stopped to kiss them—the babies.

The man that gave out that his cow would give 35 gallons of milk a day was mistaken. I have heard that since he run for the Legislature against Dunlap Scott he sometimes actually makes mistakes, and that he has laid his tin horn aside and does his blowing with his whistling organ. W.

THE VACANT CLERKSHIP.

Why James D. Collins Should be Elected Clerk, with W. H. Venable as Deputy.

Editors Constitution: 1. From four or five years experience in the office he is better qualified to fill it than many other candidates.

2. The election will occur in the midst of the next Superior Court, and if a new man is put there, it will so derange the business of the Court that it will greatly retard its progress and increase the expenses of the county. It is a bad time to swap horses while you are crossing a stream.

3. The unexpired term is little over a year, and there is no necessity for making all this confusion for so short a time. Let the present officers run the office for this short time, and then let the scramble come for the next term. Then if a new man is put in he will have time before court to get familiar with his duties.

4. Mr. W. R. Venable, the late Clerk, was elected for two years by an almost unanimous vote; he has long and faithfully served the county, and nearly all he has left to his family is in the office in the shape of uncollected *back* costs, which anybody, who knows anything about such things, knows will not be frittered away when his representatives are in the office to collect them. He has left a large family, and, as he died suddenly, is altogether a different case to those of a man's being voted out of office. In his case he had no chance to straighten up and arrange his affairs. His personal friends therefore, think that justice to an old, faithful officer, requires that his representatives should be allowed a year to wind up his affairs. This would be a proper tribute to his memory, especially when it can be done not only without injury to the public, but gives to the county the best qualified officers she can get.

The foregoing reasons were doubtless what induced our popular and efficient Ordinary, Judge Daniel Pittman, to appoint Mr. Collins to the office. Will the voters of Fulton county ratify his appointment? These young men are among the few who were born in Atlanta. Mr. Collin's father was Atlanta's oldest merchant. We present them with confidence to a generous public. We think it a pity that there should be any scramble about it. This is the opinion of

MANY CITIZENS.

UNCLE JEEMS ON HIS TRAVELS.

[illegible] Georgia—Letter from Galveston—Yellow Fever—Its Ravages—Its Probable Duration—Etc.

We are permitted to make the following extracts from a private letter:

GALVESTON, TEXAS, Sept. 8, 1873.

MY DEAR ——: Ed. Mercer, Col. W. L. Wadsworth and myself all got here safe and sound this morning at 8 o'clock. Although I have just said sound, we were certainly very sick. We had the roughest time we ever had crossing the Gulf. A regular northwester commenced about 6 o'clock last evening, and the way the wind blew and the waves got up was awful. The boat some times was on its end, and reminded me of a Georgia hog running from a pale rout, the stern far above the bow of the boat, and then it would change and the bow go up, reminding us of a goat climbing a picket fence. You understand me, I mean to say we had a restless trip to this port, yet the half of our troubles have not been told. After we got aboard of the splendid boat Morgan, at Brazoria City, we learned that Houston, Texas, had quarantined Galveston and would not allow anybody to come out of Galveston in that direction on a boat, the only body or locomotive. Our last thing the flow Ed Mercer, Col. Wadsworth, and your uncle James felt quite fearful this time were dying at the rate of ten a minute in Galveston with yellow fever. The truth is we are here and quarantined, and feel badly, yet I think we will get out of this Island City this evening or to-morrow morning. Capt. Ed Mercer is now out; very much excited; says he had yellow fever once; don't want it any more; will leave here if he has to go on a pine log, the bay route, and use his feet and legs for oars or paddles, with Colonel Wadsworth and myself on the same log, bringing up the rear in like manner.

Say to my old friend Wiley, that on one stormy trip across the Gulf to this place, we were very much cheered up and encouraged by the sweet notes of the Singer sewing machine agent, Mr. Joseph A. Ottman, of New Orleans.

5 o'clock P. M.—No chance to leave this evening, except on the pine log. Will let you hear from us again as soon as we know—that is if we ever do land on the sands of the river Jordan.

Your friend, J. O. H.

THE COURTS.

Proceedings of the Supreme Court—The Jury Hung in the Dunnigan Case—Four Information Cases for Trial To-day—Justice Butt after the Burglars, etc.

THE SUPREME COURT.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE SUPREME COURT REPORTED EXPRESSLY FOR THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION, BY HENRY JACKSON, SUPREME COURT REPORTER

7 Albany*	33	15 Cherokee	9
8 Southwestern	37	16 Augusta	11
9 Pataula†	14	17 Middle ‡	2
10 Chattahoochee	10	18 Ocmulgee	1
11 Macon§	10	19 Eastern	9
12 Flint & ¶	10	20 Brunswick	1
13 Tallapoosa	10		
14 Rome	10		

* 1 Continued. † 4 Continued. ‡ 18 Continued.
§ 1 Continued. ¶ 2 Continued. 51 Continued.

SUPREME COURT OF GEORGIA, Sep'ember 12, 1873.

ALBANY CIRCUIT.

No. 11. Argument concluded.

No. 12. M. J. & J. J. Hussey vs. John Neal, et al. Equity, from Mitchell. Wright & Warren; Hines & Hobbs, for plaintiffs in error. Lyon & Irvin, for defendants.

Pending the argument of Mr. Lyon, the Court adjourned until 10 o'clock A. M. to-morrow.

The United States Courts.

The Circuit and District Courts of the United States met yesterday morning at their usual hour, his honor Judge Erskine presiding.

The following is the report of the Circuit Court:

The United States vs. Ezekiel Dunnigan, carrying on the business of a distiller without paying the special tax. The case was argued and consumed a good part of the day's session, Mr. Thomas for the government and Messrs. Gartrell, Whitner and J. B. Estes for the defense.

The jury received an able charge from Judge Erskine, and retired to their room. Up to the adjournment of Court they had failed to agree.

Mr. Margenau A. Bell made application, and was admitted to plead and practice at the bar of this Court.

H. and P. Brandy, vs. Daniel R. Mitchell, Assumpsit. Continued.

Daniel R. Mitchell vs. H. and P. Brady, Assumpsit. At the instance of the attorneys employed, this case was remanded for trial to the Superior Court of Floyd county.

In the District Court, the case of the United States vs. Robert Jay, illicit distilling, was called and set for trial on the 13th of October.

The cases set for to-day are, The United States vs. Solomon Chapman, illicit distilling, and working in an illicit distillery. Same vs. Five Bottles of Balsam, 14 large bottles of cologne, 9 bottles of hair tonic, J. S. Pemberton & Co., Claimants. Same vs. 145 bottles of Lain's extract, 40 bottles of Bitters, 8 bottles of disinfectants, B. J. Massey, Claimant. Same vs. 10 bottles of vanilla oil, 8 large pots of pomade, 85 bottles of Cologne, H. C. Pope, Claimant. Same vs. 90 packages of peach and apple brandy, 2 packages of whisky, Ezekiel Dunnigan, Claimant.

The Courts adjourned to meet again at ten o'clock this morning.

The Justice's Courts.

Three negroes, Addie Walker, Lucius Walker, and Henry Frazer, were brought before Justice Butt yesterday on warrants charging them with larceny from the House. The parties are implicated in the recent theft at Mrs. Frank's store on Decatur street, of which we have already given the particulars.

Lucius Walker waived preliminary investigation before the Magistrate, and was committed to jail in default of bond.

The prosecution withdrew the warrant against Addie Walker, as the evidence against her was weak.

Henry Frazer also waived investigation, and gave bond of $100 for his appearance before the City Court. The other magistrates did no criminal business yesterday.

IMMENSE EDITION of THE CONSTITUTION to-morrow Advertise in it.

OUR 'CHANGE.—Vice President W. J. Garrett presided on 'change yesterday. Messrs. W. S. Townsend & Co. submitted the following communication:

ATLANTA, Ga., September 10th, 1873.

To the Honorable Board of Trade of the City of Atlanta: Understanding that one of the objects of your organization is to guard the commercial interest of the city against exorbitant charges in transportation, we beg to present for your consideration the following facts:

On the morning of the 30th of August we received by Express, from Bristol, Tenn., two packages of butter, gross weight 134 pounds, charges for freight by the Express Company $2 45. A few moments after we received Express receipts for the two packages of 124 pounds, special rates $1 75 per 100 pounds, which made the legitimate freight $2 17. Though the excess charged was only 28 cents, the principle involved led us to call at the Express office for explanation, which was that owing to the exorbitant and unjust tax imposed upon them by our city authorities they were in the habit of charging about 1½ cents per package extra, as the means of reimbursing themselves for said tax.

On our questioning their right to make such "extra charge," the agent offered to refund the excess, which we declined to receive, saying it was not the value of the twenty-eight cents, but the principle we opposed. At the same time the agent told us if charges were prepaid there could not be any extra charges.

On September 4th we received two packages, gross box 224 pounds, from them, with a demand for $4 95 charges, and having the same morning received the express receipt dated September 2d, making freight $3 92, showing they had put on an extra charge of over twenty-five cents per package. We called again on the agent, who then refused to refund.

On our insisting upon its injustice, the Agent called Mr. Champbell, the Superintendent, who was in another part of the building. On our showing him the receipts and the amounts demanded, he said that under that receipt they could not collect "extra;" directed the Agent to refund, and added he would that day write their Agent at Bristol to stop no more such receipts, without giving them authority to collect "extras" for tax in Atlanta.

On the next morning we received one package, 99 lbs, and receipt, dated September 8, making freight $1 75.

The company demanded $3 60, in excess of 65 cents on one package. We refused to pay the $3 60—offered $2 95, and demanded the goods, which were refused us and taken away. In order to avoid delay, they returned the package and $1 75 demanded, which we paid under protest, as we needed the goods. On Monday morning we received two more shipments. For these received, first shipped, we received express receipt as formerly, special rate $1 75, but an "extra" to aid in reimbursing tax. For those shipped second day, but received that morning, the receipt called for $3 92 per 100 pounds, or local rates, accompanied by a letter, from which the following is an extract:

"I am in receipt of your valued favor soliciting, $20 to prepay freight, and ordering cups. I will in future prepay your goods, but regret to have to inform you that the Express Agents here, by instruction of Mr. Campbell, Superintendent, to-day advanced the freight to $3 25 per 100 pounds. I saw the letter myself from Mr. C. directing him to advance the freight, by reason, as he said, of an enormous city tax that had been laid on the Company in Atlanta."

In our conversations with the Express Agent here, in speaking of the enormity of the tax, he stated that formerly it was one per cent. on their gross receipts, which made their tax $1,80 per year but that their tax this year was special $600.

Now, if their receipts this year are as large as last, it would make their tax only one-half per cent. on gross receipts. On a plea to reimburse this they demand of us:

Shipment.	Packages.	Gross.	Rate per 100 pounds.	Amount.	Charged.	Excess.	Per cent. on Settlement Amount.
1st shipment	2	24	1 75	2 17	3 45	28	12.9
2d shipment	2	24	1 75	2 04	3 45	41	18.5
3d shipment	1	99	1 75	1 75	3 00	45	29

Or on three shipments $7 61; excess $1 26; over 16 49 per cent.

If their charges on us are an index of the charges to all, and their receipts are this year as great as last, (and we are informed they are larger), they would collect about $19,800 in excess to aid in paying $600 tax. As others are interested in this matter, as well as ourselves, we ask that your honorable body will look into this, and institute such measures for relief as to you may seem expedient. Respectfully,

W. S. TOWNSEND & Co.

On motion the matter was referred to a committee of three to act in conjunction with a committee of City Council.

The Chair appointed as said committee Col. J. N. Dunn, A. C. Wyly, and W. M. Lowry.

A NEW BOOK BY AUTHOR OF "EAST LYNE."—Mrs. Henry Wood's new book, "The Master of Greylands," is in press and will be published in a few days by T. B. Peterson & Brothers, Philadelphia, from the author's manuscript and advanced proof-sheets, purchased by them from Mrs. Wood. and will be in uniform style with "Anne Hollow," "Bessy Rane," "Roland Yorke," "The Channings," "Within The Maze," and all the previous works by this favorite and popular author. For some months past a new serial, entitled, "The Master of Greylands," has been published in The Argosy, a London Magazine edited by Mrs. Wood. It will be completed for English readers in the December number; but, in consequence of a special arrangement with the authoress, who has supplied the Petersons with her manuscript in advance, they will publish the whole story complete in one large octavo volume long before its publication in England. The plot is entirely original, and is said to be equal if not superior in interest to her other famous books. It will be issued in a large octavo volume, and sold by all book sellers at the low price of $1 75 in cloth, or $1 50 in paper cover; or copies will be sent by mail, to any place, post paid, by the publishers, on receipt of the price.

Council Proceedings.

September 12, 1873.

The Council met, his Honor Mayor Hammock in the Chair, and a full board of Aldermen present, except Alderman McLendon.

The minutes of the last meeting were read.

Alderman Beattie moved a reconsideration of so much of the proceedings as related to the petition of Howard Van Epps, in reference to cost in City Court to allow the committing officers their costs. Adopted.

Alderman Brotherton moved that so much of the proceedings as related to fixing the time for closing the tax books and the time be extended till 10th of October. Adopted.

Alderman Measalin moved a reconsideration in reference to the action of Council charging license to Mr. Sheridan as coal dealer. The motion as amended was adopted.

APPEALS.

Appeal cases of Mayor and Council vs. Fincher and Boyd for failing to abate a nuisance when notified, was taken up. After hearing the evidence they were both dismissed. On motion the fine and costs were remitted.

PETITIONS AND COMMUNICATIONS.

Of Jack Downing and other saloon keepers, asking Council for relief against grocery men, who sold liquors in bottles. Referred to Ordinance Committee.

Of William A. Fuller, asking damages done to his lot on account of raising street. Referred to the Street Committee.

Of R. J. Wilson, asking to be allowed to erect a verandah to his building, on the corner of the alley, dividing his property from the police Station House, to extend over the said alley. Referred to the Committee on Public Grounds and Building and Fire Department, with power to act.

Of Mrs. Rebecca Otto, for free license to sell groceries on Chappel street. Referred to the Relic Committee.

Of William Finch and others, asking for more public schools for colored children. Referred to the Committee on Public Schools.

Of Dr. S. H. Stout, asking a free license for Jane Williams to peddle victuals and fruit. Referred to the Relief Committee.

Of A. D. Rockafellow, asking the use of the City Hall for Thursday evening, the 18th instant, for the purpose of organizing the City Republican Executive Committee. Laid on the table.

Of J. D. Evans, submitting a proposition to sink a well and mine a tunnel to the river. Referred to the Committee on Wells, Pumps and Cisterns, with City Engineer added.

Of H. A. Fuller and others, asking a grade on Whitehall street, between Brotherton and Windsor streets be lowered one foot and six inches; and also for rock curbing to correspond with the west side of the street. Referred to the Street Committee.

Of J. N. Armstrong and George W. Sheridan, making statements in reference to the said Sheridan being a coal dealer, and asking the license tax to be remitted. Received, and the Marshal instructed to return the execution to the Clerk.

Of Mary Allen, asking for a license to sell goobers, apples, &c. Referred to the Relief Committee.

Of Adair & Bro., asking to be allowed to store guano in their warehouse. Referred to the Committee on Ordinances and Board of Health.

Of W. D. Ellis, asking to be relieved from the free flowing of water on his property on Fort and Houston streets. Referred to the Street Committee.

Of Thomas Spencer asking that the tax on certain property which had been paid twice be refunded, granted.

Of J. G. W. Mills asking a reduction of assessment on his property, referred to the City Assessors.

Of L. De Give asking a reduction of license tax on his theatre. Referred to Committee on Tax.

Of E. P. Chamberlin—made a verbal statement in reference to the condition of the branch near his residence. Referred to the Board of Health and Committee on Sewers and drains.

REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES.

Streets.—On resolution of Alderman Young, for crossing on Hunter and King streets. Majority report favorable, cost $36 00. Minority adverse. Alderman Young "suggested that the minority report was too thin," and called for the yeas and nays. On its adoption the yeas were Aldermen Dodd, Be

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION

Letter From General Longstreet.

ATLANTA, GA., [illegible], 1873.

DEAR SIR.—The Richmond Enquirer of the 26th of August, reports Col. Withers, in his Warrenton speech, as having said: "In reference to Longstreet, he not only accepted the issue, but went over for money." So much for my motives as announced by me from time to time. W. M. SEMAI.

If there has been no room at any time for doubt as to my motives in connection with this matter, and my letters have so plainly expressed my views that no one can misconstrue them except they do so through malice.

If Colonel Withers knows the record, and he virtually claims to know when he makes grave allegations as matters of fact, he knew when he made his charge that it was not true. If he made them in ignorance or reckless disregard of facts he is equally culpable.

In order, however, to place the matter beyond question or doubt I propose that Colonel Withers give the names of the men to this transaction and the time and place of its occurrence, so as to give me something tangible. I think that I can safely promise him, as soon as he puts his charge in such shape as to enable me to take hold of it, that I will prove to the world that there is not a word of truth in his allegations against me, nor even a reason for them except in malice.

Another Virginia, Rev. Mr. Pendleton, aiming to avail himself of the prejudice excited up on false statements, goes back nine or ten years to attack my record as a soldier. I will say to him, as I have said in reference to the other charge, that it is too vague and indefinite as it stands to be met by the evidence of witnesses. But if he will give the names of the staff officers of General Lee and the general and staff officers of the First Corps of the Army of Northern Virginia who are cognizant of facts, as he asserts them, I will undertake to prove by his own witnesses that this statement is also false.

I am, sir, very respectfully your most obedient servant, JAMES LONGSTREET.

Reading Notices.

A HINT TO HOUSEWIVES—HOW TO KEEP KITCHEN WARE CLEAN AND BRIGHT.—Every housewife of neat and tidy habits takes especial delight in keeping all the tin, copper and iron ware of her kitchen as clean and bright as painstaking labor can make them. A pride in this direction is commendable, and always meets the smiling approval of the "tyrant man" who pays the household bills. Remember that SAPOLIO is the only thing on earth that will make an old tarnished tin pan or a rusty kettle shine as bright as new. And by the use of Sapolio it is the quickest and easiest thing in the world to keep every utensil in a high state of polish. sep11—d1w&w1t

DR. TUTT'S PILLS require no change of diet or occupation; produce no griping. They contain no drastic ingredients. aug19—d1w&w1t.

SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS.—These pills are composed exclusively of vegetable ingredients, and although they entirely supersede the use of mercury, do not leave any of its injurious effects. They act directly upon the liver, and are a valuable remedy in all cases of derangement resulting from a disordered state of that organ, Liver Complaint, Bilious Disorders, Indigestion, Sick Headache, Typhoid Fevers, etc., etc., all succumb to the free use of Schenck's Mandrake Pills. For sale by all Druggists and Dealers.

J. H SCHENCK & SON,
N. E. corner Sixth and Arch streets,
Philadelphia.
may5 dec25—deodly

NERVOUS DEBILITY.—A depressed, irritated state of mind; a weak, nervous, exhausted feeling; no energy or animation; confused head, memory, often with debilitating, involuntary discharges. The consequence of excesses, mental overwork or indiscretions. This nervous debility finds a sovereign cure in Humphrey's Homeopathic specific, No 28. It tones up the system, arrests discharges dispels the mental gloom and despondency, and rejuvernates the entire system. It is perfectly harmless and always efficient. Price $5, for a package of five boxes and a large $3 vial of powder, which is important in old, serious cases; or $1 per single box. Sold by all druggists, or sent by mail on receipt of price. Address Humphrey's Specific Homeopathic Medicine Co., No. 562 Broadway, N. Y.

For sale by COLLIER & VENABLE, T. SCHUMANN and HENRY C. POPE,
apr15—d3taw&w1y. Atlanta, Ga.

HELMBOLD'S BUCHU is the only reliable remedy for diseases of the urinary organs. Take it in season, and do not be imposed upon by quacks and impostors.

We are glad to learn that the absence of the celebrated Dr. Helmbold has not prevented the continued manufacture of the Buchu, so well known as the only efficient remedy for diseases of the kidneys and urinary organs. There are counterfeits of this most excellent medicine. Genuine has proprietor's private stamp. John F. Henry, New York, Sole Agent.
sep8—deod1w

WHY WILL YE DIE?—Death, or what is worse, is the inevitable result of continued suspension of the menstrual flow. It is a condition which should not be trifled with. Immediate relief is the only safeguard against constitutional ruin. In all cases of suppression, suspension or other irregularity of the "courses," Dr. J. Bradfield's Female Regulator is the only sure remedy. It acts by giving tone to the nervous centres, improving the blood and determining directly to the organs of menstruation. It is a legitimate prescription, and the most intelligent Doctors use it. Prepared by J. H. Bradfield, drug-gist, Atlanta, Ga; $1 50 per bottle, and sold by respectable druggists everywhere.

TUSKEGEE, ALA.

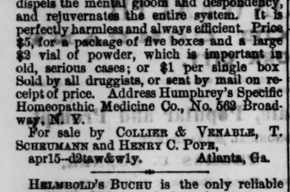
MR. L. H. BRADFIELD—Sir: Please forward us, immediately, another supply of BRADFIELD'S FEMALE REGULATOR. We find it to be all that is claimed for it, and we have witnessed the most decided and happy effects produced by it. Very respectfully,

HUNTER & ALEXANDER.

I could add a thousand other certificates; but consider the above amply sufficient proof of its virtue. All I ask is a trial.

J. H. BRADFIELD, Atlanta, Ga.

For sale by all the druggists in Atlanta. mar30-eodlyr



THIS CONCENTRATED VEGETABLE SPECIFIC is a true Purifier of the Blood. It thoroughly neutralizes and eliminates from the system the specific virus which causes such a long list of human suffering.

In every form of scrofulous, mercurial and constitutional blood complaints it stands without compeer, rapidly curing ulcers, pustules, carbunkles, scald head, salt rheum, and the 88 different varieties of skin affections. It is a positive curative for scrofula, and the deadly enemy of mercury, lead and arsenic, quickly elimination them from the system. The Fluid Extract of Queens delight, prepared by Dr. J. S. Pemberton, has made the most wonderful and astonishing cures. Its purifying, vivifying and tonic properties exercise the quickest and most powerful effects in restoring health. It is harmless to the most delicate, and can never be used amiss. It is the true beautifier of the complexion. If you want pure rich blood, clear skin and beautiful complexion, use the Compound Extract of Stillingia or Queens Delight. Read our treatise on diseases of the blood. The genuine has the signature of the proprietor upon each label.

J. S. PEMBERTON & Co.,
mar30eod-1yr Atlanta, Ga.

AGENTS WANTED Everywhere to sell our new and novel Knitting Machine. Send for illustrated circulars to the McKee Manufacturing Company, 87 Broadway, New York. [illegible]

[illegible] suffered from disordered Liver, but [illegible] used one package of SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR, to this day can eat [illegible] several years, I have been comparatively a sound man.

[illegible] F. WOOLLEY,
Kingston, Ga.

For Loss of Appetite, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Depression of Spirits and General Debility, in all [illegible] forms, FARRO-PHOSPHATED SYRUP OF CALISAYA made by CASWELL, HAZARD & Co. New York, and sold by all druggists, is the best tonic. As a stimulant tonic for patients recovering from fever, or those [illegible] it has no equal. If taken during the season it prevents fever and ague and counteracts [illegible] aug27—deod&w2w

NEW CARRIAGE REPOSITORY,
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

WOODRUFF & JOHNSON

HAVE established a Repository at Mark W. Johnson's Agricultural Building, corner of Alabama and Forsyth sts, where they are now receiving a fresh stock of Carriages, Buggies and Wagons, from some of the best manufactories in America, and made especially to their order, for this market. The Woodruff Buggy, which is justly celebrated for its great durability and light draft, will be one of the specialties of this Repository. It is the intention of this firm to supply good warranted work, at the lowest possible price, making it an inducement for parties living at a distance from Atlanta to come here to purchase, or send their orders. Any style of Carriage or Buggy made to special order, at short notice.

W. W. WOODRUFF. MARK W. JOHNSON.
aug24-dtf

Atlanta Water Cure.
DR. F. KALOW,
Corner of Hunter and Bell Sts.

DR. KALOW, well known through his great and rapid cures, has returned to our city and has opened again an establishment for the cure of all Chronic Diseases, of which he would respectfully inform the citizens of Atlanta and surrounding country.

Liver Complaint, Fevers, Paralysis, Epilepsy, Neuralgia, Asthma, Nervous Affections, *Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Scrofula, Diseases peculiar to Women, all Impurities of the Blood*, Skin Diseases, Kidney and Bladder Complaint, Stoppage of the Water, Piles of all kinds, *Stricture, Gonorrhœa*, Eye and Ear Complaint after Measels and Scarlatina, etc., etc.

As a proof of his success, the Doctor takes pleasure in referring to the following persons: Mr. J. W. Rucker, of Chapman, Rucker & Co., Commission Merchants; Major W. B. Cox, T. J. Hightower, N. S. Walker, James and John Lynch, T. Fleischel, Beermann & Kurht, M. Schulhofer, Dr. M. Mitchell, Atlanta; Superior Visor, Mr. Turner, Brooklyn; Patlie Marony, Philadelphia; Rev. Mr. Smith, Macon; Col. Geulden, Quitman; Miss Dawoody, Darien; Mr. White, Conjas.

Outside of his Institution he will treat all Acute Diseases with great success.
may13—d1y

UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA.

OPENS October 1; continues through nine months. It is organized in schools on the elective system, with full courses in Classics, Literature, Science (with practice in Chemical and Physical Laboratories), in Law, Medicine, Engineering, Teaching and Agriculture. Apply for Catalogue to JAMES F. HARRISON, Chairman, P. O. University of Virginia, Albemarle county, Va. aug10-1m

MRS. E. M. STOVALL,

PROPRIETRESS of The Barlow House) Cartersville, Ga. Having recently taken charge of this House, she has thoroughly renovated and refurnished it, in all its departments, and is now prepared to afford to the traveling public entertainment adequate to the times, at moderate prices. She has also secured additional suits of rooms, is prepared to accommodate a few families with Board. Summer visitors will find Cartersville one of the healthiest localities in the South.
apr24-dtf P. S. SHELMAN.

W. B. HUDSON, of Louisville, Ky. J. W. HIGHTOWER, of Griffin.

HUDSON & HIGHTOWER,
Livery, Sale and Feed Stable.

EXTRA ACCOMMODATIONS.

Good Shed Lots for Drovers.

All kinds of Vehicles to hire at reasonable prices.

Near the Passenger Depot,

Griffin, Georgia.

CHAS. A. ELLS. W. W. LANEY.
junel5-dtf

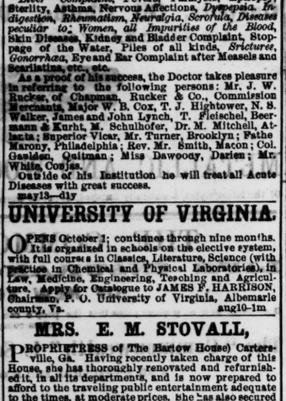
ELLS & LANEY
DEALERS IN
Fancy & Family Groceries

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION. Ice.

Bar Room and Restaurant, up-stairs, stocked with the Best in the market, Oysters, Fish, Vegetables, etc.

Mulberry Street, Macon, Ga.
aug23—dtf

WM. GRAY,



jq 1y34—dly

SOUTHERN NURSERY,
IRWIN & THURMOND.

WE are offering to the public a selection of Fruit adapted to the Southern climate, consisting of Apples, Peaches, Pears, Plums, Cherries, Quinces, Grapes, etc. Our Floral and Ornamental Shrubbery Department is complete. We have every thing usually found in a well conducted Nursery, and of varieties we have viewed and know to be suited to the Southern climate. We are DETERMINED to make good stock and sell at REASONABLE prices. All orders by mail attended to with promptness and care. We have reliable agents, either local or traveling, in many localities in this and other States South, and we PREFER, where convenient to our customers, to do our business through them. We will, upon application, furnish gratis our Catalogue and Price List. Address P. O. Box 563, Atlanta, Georgia.
July6—dly IRWIN & THURMOND.

THE McAFEE HOUSE,
At Smithville, Georgia.

IS KEPT in the most elegant style. The culinary [illegible] from Macon, [illegible] at Smithville, and the traveling public will find at this House first-class accommodations. Give him a call. [illegible]—tf

THE MAJORS HOUSE,
BY E. MAJORS,

RENTON..... GEORGIA.

He pledges himself his house will be kept in first rate style, and on moderate terms. nov21-dtf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SHAKE Go through the Ague perfectly ill [illegible] after day, till all your vitality is [illegible] up, and your health [illegible] of this fearful [illegible]

BURN KEEPS FEVER TONIC. and break up the [illegible] malady at once. Cures of [illegible] guaranteed by the

SWEAT C. HAMILTON, Cincinnati, O.

WANTED ALL men wishing to make money to send for a pamphlet containing [illegible] which every body should know. J. G. TILTON, Fremont, Pa.

WORKING CLASS MALE OR FEMALE. $250 a week guaranteed. Respectable employment at home, day or evening; no capital required; full instructions and valuable package of goods sent free by mail. Address, with six cent return stamp, M. YOUNG & CO., 173 Greenwich street, N. Y.

LOOK OUT FOR THE ASTOUNDING OFFER

To be made as a Premium to Yearly Subscribers to

Demorest's Illustrated Monthly Magazine

TO BE ANNOUNCED NEXT MONTH.

EVERYBODY WILL BE ASTONISHED.

N. F. BURNHAM'S
WATER WHEEL
NEW TURBINE

Has been tested at YORK, PA., by D. R. MITINGER, C. E., and at HOLYOKE, MASS., by James Emerson, H. E.

For Pamphlet and Test Report, Address, N. F. BURNHAM, York, Pa.

KENTUCKY UNIVERSITY,

Located at ASHLAND, the Home of Henry Clay and old Transylvania. Six colleges in operation, with *thirty Professors* and 600 students, from 26 States. Entire fees for collegiate year, $200, except in the Law, Medical and Commercial Colleges. Boarding from $2 to $5 per week. The great Institution of the South for cheap, thorough and practical education. For Catalogue, address,

I. B. BOWMAN, Regent, Lexington, Ky.

VIRGINIA
Female Institute
STAUNTON, VA.

TEN experienced teachers in the English Course; four in Language; seven in Music, with twenty-seven new instruments in use. Five teachers of Ornamental Branches. Pupils from seventeen States. Chartered 1861. Reorganized 1865. For Catalogues, address,

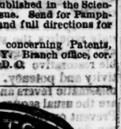
REV. R. H. PHILLIPS, Principal.

THE HASKINS MACHINE CO.

SYRACUSE, Mass., Manufrs of Vertical and Horizontal

STEAM ENGINES.

Our COMBINED ENGINES and BOILERS are made in quantities and to standard gauges, so that all parts are interchangeable. Can be run with greater safety and less expense than any other engine manufactured. Sizes from 1 to 30 horse-power. WARE-ROOMS, No. 45 CORTLANDT ST., N. Y. Send for circular.



SOUTHERN HOME SCHOOL
FOR YOUNG LADIES.

ESTABLISHED 1842.

Nos. 197-199 N. Charles St., BALTIMORE, MD.

PRINCIPALS, } MRS. and MISS WILSON M. CARY.
} MRS. GEN. JOHN PEGRAM.

French is the Language of the School.

Davidson College,
MECKLENBURG CO., N. C.

Well Equipped. Seven Professors. Expenses low. Session begins Sept. 25, 1873. Send for Catalogue.

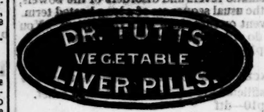
J. R. BLAKE,
Chairman of Faculty.

THE BEST PAPER! TRY IT!!

The Scientific American is the cheapest and best illustrated weekly paper published. Every number contains from 10 to 18 original engravings of new machinery, novel inventions, Bridges, Engineering works, Architecture, improved Farm Implements, and every new discovery in Chemistry. A year's numbers contain 832 pages and several hundred engravings. Thousand of volumes are preserved for binding and reference. The practical recipes are well worth ten times the subscription price. Terms, $3 a year by mail. Specimens sent free. May be had of all News Dealers.

PATENTS obtained on the best terms. Models of the new inventions and sketches examined, and advice free. All patents are published in the Scientific American the week they issue. Send for Pamphlet, 110 pages, containing laws and full directions for obtaining Patents.

Address, for the Paper, or concerning Patents, MUNN & CO., 37 Park Row, N. Y. Branch office, cor. F and 7th streets, Washington, D. C.



The startling drawback on nearly all medicinal agents has ever been that in their process of purgation and purification they have also debilitated the system. To obviate this difficulty physicians have long sought for the agent that would

PURGE, PURIFY AND STRENGTHEN

At one and the same time.

Their research has at last been rewarded by a discovery which full realizes the fondest desires of the medical faculty, and which is justly regarded as the most important triumph that Pharmacy has ever achieved. The important desideratum is

Dr. Tutt's Vegetable Liver Pill.

Which purify the blood and remove all corrupt humors and unhealthy accumulations from the body, and yet produces no weakness or lassitude whatever, but on the contrary tones the stomach, and invigorates the body during the progress of their operation. They unite the heretofore irreconcilable qualities of a STRENGTHENING PURGATIVE and PURIFYING TONIC.

Dr. Tutt's Pills are the most active and searching medicine in existence. They at once attack the very root of diseases, and their action is so prompt that in an hour or two after they are taken the patient is aware of their good effects. They may be taken at any time without restraint of diet or occupation; they produce neither nausea, griping or debility, and as a family medicine they have no rival.

Price 25 cents a box. Sold by all Druggists.
Principal office, 18 and 20 Platt St., New York.

Is the Most Powerful Cleanser, strengthener and remover of Glandular Obstructions known to *Materia Medica.*

It is especially adapted to constitutions "worn down" and debilitated by the warm weather of Spring and Summer, when the blood is not in active circulation, consequently gathering impurities from sluggishness and imperfect action of the secretive organs, and is manifested by Tumors, Eruptions, Blotches, Boils, Pustules, Scrofula, etc., etc.

When weary and languid from overwork, and dullness, drowsiness and inertia take the place of energy and vigor, the system needs a Tonic to build it up and help the Vital Forces to regain their recuperative power.

In the heat of Summer, frequently the Liver and Spleen do not properly perform their functions; the intestine and Urinary Organs are inactive, producing weakness of the stomach and intestines and a predispo-ition to bilious derangement.

DR. WELLS'
EXTRACT OF JURRUBEBA

is prepared directly from the SOUTH AMERICAN PLANT, and is peculiarly suited to all these difficulties; it will cleanse the VITIATED BLOOD, strengthen the LIFE GIVING POWERS, and REMOVE ALL OBSTRUCTIONS from IMPAIRED AND ENFEEBLED Organs.

It should be freely taken, as Jurubeba is pronounced by medical writers the most efficient

PURIFIER, TONIC and DEOBSTRUENT known to the whole range of medicinal plants.

JOHN Q. KELLOGG, 18 Platt-st., New York,
Sole Agent for the United States.
Price One Dollar per Bottle. Send for Circular.

WORKING CLASS MALE OR FEMALE.

$250 a week guaranteed. Respectable employment at home, day or evening; no capital required; full instructions and valuable package of goods sent free by mail. Address, with 6 cent return stamp, M YOUNG & CO, 173 Greenwich st, N. Y.

NOTRE DAME OF MARYLAND,
Collegiate Institute for Young Ladies,
CONDUCTED BY THE SCHOOL SISTERS OF NOTRE DAME.

2 1-2 MILES NORTH OF BALTIMORE.

THIS institution is located in the most desirable and healthy portion of the suburbs of Baltimore, on Charles street and Roseleigh Avenue, about three miles north of the Washington Monument or Baltimore City. The grounds are well shaded, handsomely decorated with fine walks and carriage roads, and extensively planned for exercise and recreation. The building is constructed and furnished with every necessary and appointment for comfort, convenience, safety. It is thoroughly ventilated, well heated by hot water, lighted by gas, and each story is provided

The Great Southern
PASSENGER AND MAIL
ROUTE!

VIA

ATLANTA and AUGUSTA!

TO Charleston, Columbia, Charlotte, Raleigh, Wilmington, Weldon, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York.

RUNNING A DOUBLE

Daily Through Passenger Train.

CONNECTIONS by THIS LINE are most certain and sure at all seasons.

The Eating Houses

On this Line have been thoroughly overhauled and refitted. Ample time is given for Meals, and at regular hours.

CONDUCTORS on this line are affable and courteous to passengers.

The Quickest Time and Sure Connection made by this Route.

Passengers can purchase Through Tickets and have their Baggage Checked through from New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery, Columbus, and Atlanta to Richmond, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia, and New York.

BY

Four Different Routes, via Augusta, Kingsville, and Wilmington; via Columbia, Charlotte and Raleigh; via Columbia, Danville and Richmond; via Atlanta, Augusta, Wilmington and Bay Line.

Fare as Low by Augusta

AS ANY OTHER ROUTE.

PULLMAN'S PALACE SLEEPING CARS

ON

ALL NIGHT TRAINS LEAVING ATLANTA BY THIS ROUTE.

Passengers wishing to go North by Sea will find a

Splendid Line of Steamships,

From Charleston, S. C., to Baltimore, Philadelphia, Boston and New York.

The Charleston Steamships

Offer every inducement to Passengers, with Tables supplied with every luxury the Northern and Charleston Markets can afford, and for Safety, Speed and Comfort are

Unrivaled on the Coast.

Through Tickets on Sale at MONTGOMERY, WEST POINT AND ATLANTA TO NEW YORK VIA CHARLESTON STEAMSHIPS

S. K. JOHNSON, Superintendent.
J. A. ROBERT, General Ticket Agent.
jan24-dtf

RAILROAD SCHEDULE.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF TRAINS.

Georgia Railroad.

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leaves Augusta	8.30 o'clock,	A. M
Leaves Atlanta	8.15 "	A. M
Arrives at Atlanta	5.45 "	P. M
Arrives at Augusta	5.30 "	P. M

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leaves Augusta	2.15 "	P. M
Leaves Atlanta	6.00 "	P. M
Arrives at Atlanta	11.15 "	P. M
Arrives at Augusta	9.15 "	A. M

Accommodation Train.

Leaves Atlanta	5.30	P. M
Leaves Stone Mountain	6.45	A. M
Arrives Atlanta	8.00	A. M
Arrives Stone Mountain	5.15	P. M

Western and Atlantic Railroad.

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN—OUTWARD.

Leaves Atlanta	6.00	P. M
Arrives at Chattanooga	1.10	A. M

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN—OUTWARD.

Leaves Atlanta	8.30	A. M
Arrives at Chattanooga	4.25	P. M

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN—INWARD.

Leaves Chattanooga	3.45	P. M
Arrives at Atlanta	11.20	P. M

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN—INWARD.

Leaves Chattanooga	5.45	A. M
Arrives at Atlanta	1.20	P. M

DALTON ACCOMMODATION TRAIN.

Leaves Atlanta	4.35	P. M
Arrives at Dalton	12.30	A. M
Leaves Dalton	12.40	A. M
Arrives in Atlanta	9.50	A. M

Atlanta and West Point Railroad.

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN—(Outward.)

Leaves Atlanta	11 30	P. M
Arrives at West Point	4 10	A. M

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN—(Inward)

Leaves West Point	1 40	P. M
Arrives at Atlanta	6 40	P. M

NIGHT FREIGHT AND PASSENGER TRAIN—(Outward.)

Leave Atlanta	12 30	P. M
Arrive at West Point	8 30	P. M

NIGHT FREIGHT AND PASSENGER TRAIN—(Inward.)

Leave West Point	3 05	A. M
Arrive at Atlanta	9 30	A. M

Macon and Western Railroad.

DAILY ACCOMMODATION EXCEPT SUNDAYS.

Leaves Atlanta	7.00	A. M
Leaves Macon	9.10	A. M
Arrives at Atlanta	5.45	P. M
Arrives at Macon	3.40	P. M

NIGHT PASSENGER—DAILY.

Leaves Atlanta	1.40	P. M
Leaves Macon	11.00	P. M
Arrives at Atlanta	8.48	A. M
Arrives at Macon	7.20	P. M

Air-Line Railroad.

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN—OUTWARD.

Leave Atlanta	7 45	A. M
Arrive at Charlotte	2 30	A. M

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN—INWARD.

Leaves Charlotte	4 30	A. M
Arrive at Atlanta	11 15	P. M

THE GRANDEST SCHEME EVER KNOWN.
Fourth Grand Gift Concert
FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE
Public Library of Kentucky.

12,000 Cash Gifts $1,500,000

EVERY FIFTH TICKET DRAWS A GIFT.

$250,000 for $50.

THE Fourth Grand Gift Concert authorized by special act of the Legislature for the benefit of the Public Library of Kentucky, will take place in Public Library Hall at Louisville, Ky.,

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 3d, 1873.

Only sixty thousand tickets will be sold and one-half of these are intended for the European Market, thus leaving only 30,000 for sale in the United States, where 100,000 were disposed of for the Third Concert. The tickets are divided into ten coupons or parts and have on their back the Scheme with a full explanation of the mode of drawing.

At this concert which will be the grandest musical display ever witnessed in this country the unprecedented sum of

$1,500,000,

divided into 12,000 cash gifts will be distributed by lot among the ticket holders. The numbers of the tickets to be drawn from one wheel by blin children and the gifts from another.

LIST OF GIFTS.

ONE GRAND CASH GIFT		$250,000
ONE GRAND CASH GIFT		100,000
ONE GRAND CASH GIFT		50,000
ONE GRAND CASH GIFT		25,000
ONE GRAND CASH GIFT		17,500
10 CASH GIFTS	$10,000 each	100,000
20 CASH GIFTS	5,000 each	100,000
50 CASH GIFTS	1,000 each	50,000
80 CASH GIFTS	500 each	40,000
100 CASH GIFTS	400 each	40,000
150 CASH GIFTS	300 each	45,000
250 CASH GIFTS	200 each	50,000
355 CASH GIFTS	100 each	35,500
11,000 CASH GIFTS	50 each	550,000
TOTAL 12,000 GIFTS, ALL CASH, amounting to		$1,500,000

The distribution will be positive whether all the tickets are sold or not, and the 12,000 gifts all paid in proportion to the tickets sold—all unsold tickets being destroyed as at the First and Second Concert and not represented in the drawing.

PRICE OF TICKETS.

Whole tickets $50 00; Halves $25 00; Tenths or each coupon $5 00; Eleven Whole Tickets for $500 00; 25 Tickets for $1,000 00; 115 Whole Tickets for $5,000 00; 227 Whole Tickets for $10,000 00. Nodiscount on less than $500 00 worth of Tickets at a time.

The unsurpassed success of the Third Gift Concert as well as the satisfaction given by the First and Second, makes it only necessary to announce the Fourth to insure the prompt sale of every ticket. The Fourth Gift Concert will be conducted in all its details like the First and Second, and purchasers may be assured from circulars which will be sent free from the office to all who apply for them.

Plans are now ready for sale and all orders accompanied by the money promptly filled. Liberal terms given to those who buy to sell again.

THOS. L. BRAMBLETTE,
Agent Public Library of Kentucky,
Public Library Building, Louisville, Ky.
aug19—d tues & thurs & w till dec1

NOTICE.

DR. B. J. HEAD offers his professional services to the citizens of [illegible]. Having an experience of over a quarter of a century, in the various branches of his profession, he hopes to give satisfaction. Residence and office, Forsyth street, near Beago's store. mar19-d6m

The Live Stove House of the South.

I have returned from the East, where I have purchased

THE LARGEST AND MOST VARIED STOCK

OF

HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS,

AND WOODEN WARE,

Tin Plate, Sheet Iron & Tinners' Findings,

HOLLOW-WARE AND STOVES,

Ever Brought to this Market.

I have now in Stock and expect to arrive soon,

30,000 pounds No. 26 and 27 Stove Pipe Iron,
10,000 pounds No. 26 and 27 Pan Iron,
20 bundles Russia Iron,
200 bundles assorted Wire,
1,000 pounds Block Tin,
1,000 pounds Solder,
750 Jno. Savory's Light English Ware—Wash Pots and Dinner Pots—assorted sizes.
2,000 Stove Pots—assorted sizes,
1,000 Waffle Irons,
2,000 Tea Kettles,
2,000 Fry Pans,
2,000 Griddles,
4,000 pounds Sad Irons,
1,000 Ovens, Skillets and Lids—Jno. Savory's Light English Ware,
250 Loyal Cook Stoves,
150 CHARTER OAK COOK STOVES,
150 Matchless Cook Stoves,
150 No. 6 and 7 Demand Cook Stoves,
150 Atlanta Cook Stoves,
200 Best Cook Stoves,
50 Star Cook Stoves,
350 Heating Stoves—all styles and sizes,
250 Coal Hods,
500 Grates—Plain and Enamelled,
50 Fluting Machines—Latest Improved Styles,
50 Fancy Coal Hods and Vases,
350 dozen Juniper Buckets,
150 dozen Blue Buckets,
150 nests Tubs,
100 dozen Sifters,
50 dozen Coffee Mills,
25 dozen Heavy Horse Buckets,
50 dozen Bread Trays,
50 nests Wood Bowls,
100 nests Wood Measures,
50 racks Sugar Boxes,
25 nests Flour Pails,
50 dozen Brooms,
500 Brittania Dippers,
The largest lot of TIN-WARE ever in the city.
An elegant stock of PLATED WARE AND TABLE CUTLERY,

I am prepared to offer SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS TO MERCHANTS and DEALERS.

Thanking the public for past patronage I respectfully solicit a continuance of the same.

L. B. LANGFORD,
Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Georgia.
aug31—dtf

Atlanta Furniture Manufactory.

WAREHOUSE AND SALES-ROOM,
96 Whitehall Street.

Manufactory: Cor. Butler and Harris Sts.

IN ADDITION TO GOODS OF THEIR OWN MANUFACTURING, ARE NOW RECEIVING A FULL and complete line of all kinds of Furniture, embracing everything kept at a

FIRST CLASS FURNITURE STORE,

which are now OFFERED AT PRICES WHICH MUST PROVE SATISFACTORY TO PURCHASERS. In fact, we CHALLENGE ALL COMPETITORS IN THE TRADE, both in the quality of our goods and at prices we are willing to sell at. EVERYTHING GUARANTEED EXACTLY AS REPRESENTED OR MONEY REFUNDED. aug30—d1m

Judson's Marble Works,
ATLANTA, GA.,
MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN
Italian and American Marble,

Monuments, Box Tombs, Head and Foot Stones, Iron Railing for Grave Enclosures, Granite, etc.

Office and works, corner of LOYD and ALABAMA STREETS, opposite O. H. Jones & Co's. Sale and Livery Stables.

Orders solicited and promptly filled.

Prices reasonable.

Terms cash.

Address D. N. JUDSON,
aug10dly Atlanta, Ga.

G. & S. SALOSHIN,
Brokers and Bankers.

LOANS NEGOTIATED AT LIBERAL TERMS.

No. 12 Peachtree Street, 3 doors North of National Hotel, Atlanta, Ga. apr11—d6mo

South Carolina Railroad

CHARLESTON, December 14, 1872.

ON and after Sunday, 15th instant, the following Schedule will be run on the South Carolina Railroad:

Between Charleston and Augusta

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Charleston	9:30	A M
Arrives at Augusta	5:30	P M
Leaves Augusta	8:00	A M
Arrives at Charleston	4:45	P M

NIGHT EXPRESS TRAIN.

Leaves Charleston	8:30	P M
Arrives at Augusta	7:35	A M
Leaves Augusta	6:15	P M
Arrives at Charleston	5:30	A M

Between Charleston and Columbia

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leaves Augusta	9:00	A M
Arrives at Columbia	5:30	P M
Leaves Columbia	9:00	A M
Arrives at Augusta	5:30	P M

NIGHT EXPRESS TRAIN.

Leaves Augusta	6:15	P M
Arrives at Columbia	6:30	A M
Leaves Columbia	7:30	P M
Arrives at Augusta	7:30	A M

Day and night trains connect at Augusta with the Georgia Railroad and Central Railroad.

Night train connects with Macon and Augusta Railroad.

Night train out of Augusta does not stop over Sunday at Columbia with Greenville and Columbia Railroad. Passengers for points on the Greenville and Columbia Railroad will avoid a [illegible] delay at night by going to Columbia by [illegible] this route.

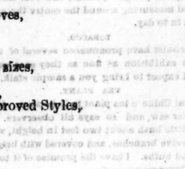
Elegant new sleeping cars on night trains between Augusta and Charleston.

S. B. PICKENS, General Ticket Agent.
dec6-tf

Atlanta Architecture.

Parkins & Allen, Architects.

WILL make Plans, Specifications, and Detail Drawings for Buildings of all descriptions. Office in Republic Block, opposite the Kimball House. jan8-dly



Dr. Calhoun's Liver Pills.

I AM engaged in the Manufacture of the Celebrated Family Medicine, known as the Calhoun Liver and Anti-Bilious Pills, under the supervision and assistance of Dr. Calhoun himself. This Pill has been in use for the last thirty-five years, and has taken precedence over all other Family Preparations, by all that have used them. Thousands would certify to their great value if necessary. One fact should supersede any amount of certificates, and that fact is this: Dr. Calhoun has been physician to the Fulton County Prison for over seven years, when the number of prisoners ranged from 30 to 70, laboring under all the diseases incident to this climate. With but few exceptions, they have all been treated with this Pill, and astonishing to say, during that long period not a solitary death occurred under his treatment. This fact is worth any amount of testimonials.

I am now prepared to fill orders from Druggists, Merchants and others. All orders sent me shall receive prompt attention. There is no type of FEVER, DYSPEPSIA, DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, RHEUMATISM, CHOLERA MORBUS, BILLIOUSNESS and SICK HEADACHE, or other diseases of a Southern climate, but yields readily to this preparation.

For sale by all druggists.
Price 25 cents a Box.
None genuine less it bears the signature of N. C. Williams and picture of Dr. Calhoun.
Address N. C. WILLIAMS,
Post-office Box 248, Atlanta, Ga.
Manufactory No. 118, corner Washington and Peters streets Atlanta, Ga. may14-d6mo

WOFFORD & MILNER,
Attorneys at Law,
CARTERSVILLE, GA.

PRACTICE in all the Courts. Office at Cartersville, up stairs, Bank Block. apr24-d6m

MRS. S. AVANUS REED'S
ENGLISH, FRENCH AND GERMAN
BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL,
FOR YOUNG LADIES AND CHILDREN,
NO. 6 AND 8 EAST FIFTY-THIRD ST.,
NEW YORK.

Sleeping rooms to single occupants when desired. THE SEVENTH SCHOOL YEAR WILL BEGIN SEPTEMBER 24, 1873.

LETTERS AND APPLICATIONS TO BE SENT TO THE ABOVE ADDRESS. aug20—d1m

PULASKI HOUSE,
SAVANNAH, GA.,
S. N. PAPOT & CO., Proprietors.
ASSISTED BY
E. C. COFFIN, late of the St. James Hotel, Jacksonville, Florida.
W. H. MATSON, late of the Continental Hotel, Atlanta.
JOHN R. POOLE, Pulaski House, Savannah.
feb26—dtf

Madison House.
MADISON, GE